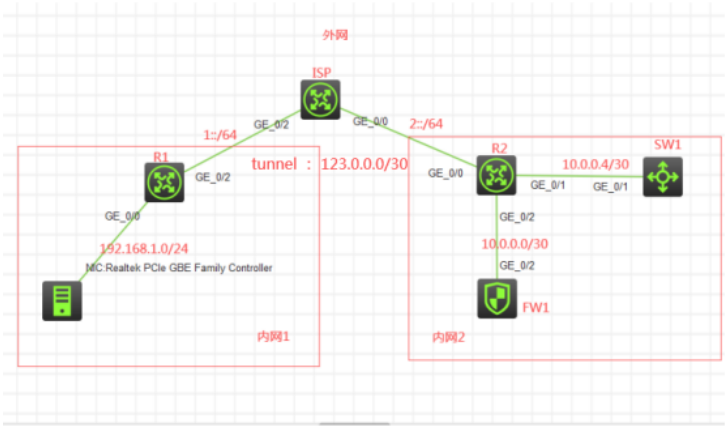
IPV6之IPV4 over IPV6隧道over SSL VPN IP接入（缺省证书）双臂（旁路）典型组网配置案例

SSL VPN　H3C模拟器　GRE VPN　**韦家宁**　2020-04-11 发表

组网及说明



组网说明：

本案例采用H3C HCL模拟器来模拟IPV4 over IPV6 over ssl vpn典型组网配置。内网和外网已经有了明确的标识。内网1和内网2都是采用IPV4作为基础网络的搭建。外网采用IPV6来实现内网1和内网2的互联。为了实现内网1和内网2的互通，要求在R1与R2之间建立隧道，采用IPV4 over IPV6的方式。内网2的FW1使用F1060防火墙做成SSL VPN网关，内网1的终端到达内网2之后，首先要进行SSL VPN的认证过后，方能访问SW1。因此需要在R2做策略路由，实现流量的引流。由于模拟器的局限性，因此使用SW1采用S5820交换机开启WEB功能来模拟WEB服务器。最后SSL VPN的接入的方式为IP接入（缺省证书）双臂（旁路）的架构，提供IP接入服务。

配置步骤

1、按照网络拓扑图正确配置IP地址

2、R1与R2建立隧道

3、FW1开启SSL VPN功能

4、SW1开启WEB功能，并创建相应的账户和分配权限

配置关键点

SW1：

```
sys
System View: return to User View with Ctrl+Z.
[H3C]sysname SW1
[SW1]int gi 1/0/1
[SW1-GigabitEthernet1/0/1]port link-mode route
[SW1-GigabitEthernet1/0/1]des
[SW1-GigabitEthernet1/0/1]ip address 10.0.0.5 30
[SW1-GigabitEthernet1/0/1]quit
[SW1]ip route-static 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.0.0.6
[SW1]ip http enable
[SW1]ip https enable
[SW1]local-user admin
New local user added.
[SW1-luser-manage-admin]password simple admin
[SW1-luser-manage-admin]service-type http https
[SW1-luser-manage-admin]authorization-attribute user-role network-admin
[SW1-luser-manage-admin]quit
```

ISP：

```
sys
System View: return to User View with Ctrl+Z.
[H3C]sysname ISP
```

[ISP]int gi 0/2
[ISP-GigabitEthernet0/2]des
[ISP-GigabitEthernet0/2]ipv6 address 1::2 64
[ISP-GigabitEthernet0/2]quit
[ISP]int gi 0/0
[ISP-GigabitEthernet0/0]des
[ISP-GigabitEthernet0/0]ipv6 address 2::2 64
[ISP-GigabitEthernet0/0]quit
[ISP]

R1：
sys
System View: return to User View with Ctrl+Z.
[H3C]sysname R1
[R1]int gi 0/0
[R1-GigabitEthernet0/0]ip address 192.168.1.1 24
[R1-GigabitEthernet0/0]quit
[R1]int gi 0/2
[R1-GigabitEthernet0/2]des
[R1-GigabitEthernet0/2]ipv6 address 1::1 64
[R1-GigabitEthernet0/2]quit
[R1]ipv6 route-static :: 0 1::2
R1 IPV4 over IPV6 隧道关键配置点：
[R1]int tunnel 0 mode ipv6
[R1-Tunnel0]ip address 123.0.0.1 30
[R1-Tunnel0]source 1::1
[R1-Tunnel0]destination 2::1
[R1-Tunnel0]undo shutdown
[R1-Tunnel0]quit
[R1]ip route-static 10.0.0.0 255.255.255.0 123.0.0.2
[R1]

R2：
sys
System View: return to User View with Ctrl+Z.
[H3C]sysname R2
[R2]int gi 0/1
[R2-GigabitEthernet0/1]des
[R2-GigabitEthernet0/1]ip address 10.0.0.6 30
[R2-GigabitEthernet0/1]quit
[R2]int gi 0/2
[R2-GigabitEthernet0/2]des
[R2-GigabitEthernet0/2]ip address 10.0.0.2 30
[R2-GigabitEthernet0/2]quit
[R2]int gi 0/0
[R2-GigabitEthernet0/0]des
[R2-GigabitEthernet0/0]ipv6 address 2::1 64
[R2-GigabitEthernet0/0]quit
[R2]ipv6 route-static :: 0 2::2
[R2]ip route-static 172.16.1.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.0.1

R2 IPV4 over IPV6隧道配置关键点：
[R2]int Tunnel 0 mode ipv6
[R2-Tunnel0]ip address 123.0.0.2 30
[R2-Tunnel0]source 2::1
[R2-Tunnel0]destination 1::1
[R2-Tunnel0]undo shutdown
[R2-Tunnel0]quit
[R2]ip route-static 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 123.0.0.1

FW1：
sys
System View: return to User View with Ctrl+Z.

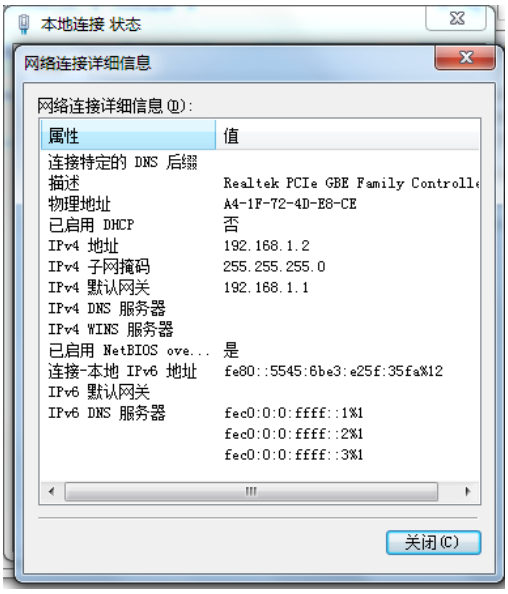
```
[H3C]sysname FW1
[FW1]int gi 1/0/2
[FW1-GigabitEthernet1/0/2]des
[FW1-GigabitEthernet1/0/2]ip address 10.0.0.1 30
[FW1-GigabitEthernet1/0/2]quit
[FW1]ip route-static 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.0.0.2
[FW1]security-zone name trust
[FW1-security-zone-Trust]import interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/2
[FW1-security-zone-Trust]quit
[FW1]acl basic 2001
[FW1-acl-ipv4-basic-2001]rule 0 permit source any
[FW1-acl-ipv4-basic-2001]quit
[FW1]
[FW1]zone-pair security source trust destination untrust
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Trust-Untrust]packet-filter 2001
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Trust-Untrust]quit
[FW1]
[FW1]zone-pair security source untrust destination trust
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Untrust-Trust]packet-filter 2001
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Untrust-Trust]quit
[FW1]
[FW1]zone-pair security source trust destination local
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Trust-Local]packet-filter 2001
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Trust-Local]quit
[FW1]
[FW1]zone-pair security source local destination trust
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Local-Trust]packet-filter 2001
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Local-Trust]quit
[FW1]
[FW1]zone-pair security source untrust destination local
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Untrust-Local]packet-filter 2001
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Untrust-Local]quit
[FW1]
[FW1]zone-pair security source local destination untrust
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Local-Untrust]packet-filter 2001
[FW1-zone-pair-security-Local-Untrust]quit
```

FW1 SSL VPN关键配置点：

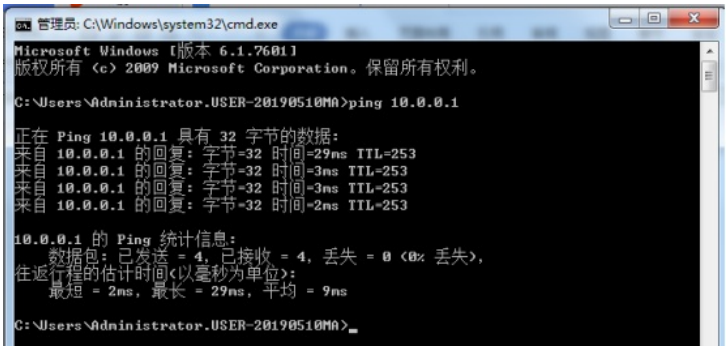
```
[FW1]acl advanced 3000
[FW1-acl-ipv4-adv-3000]rule 0 permit tcp source any destination any
[FW1-acl-ipv4-adv-3000]quit
[FW1]sslvpn ip address-pool weijianing 172.16.1.2 172.16.1.100
[FW1]int SSLVPN-AC 1
[FW1-SSLVPN-AC1]ip address 172.16.1.1 24
[FW1-SSLVPN-AC1]quit
[FW1]sslvpn gateway james
[FW1-sslvpn-gateway-james]ip address 10.0.0.1
[FW1-sslvpn-gateway-james]service enable
[FW1-sslvpn-gateway-james]quit

[FW1]sslvpn context james
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james]gateway james
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james]ip-tunnel interface SSLVPN-AC 1
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james]ip-route-list james
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james-route-list-james]include 10.0.0.0 24
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james-route-list-james]quit
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james]ip-tunnel address-pool weijianing mask 24
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james]policy-group james
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james-policy-group-james]ip-tunnel access-route ip-route-list james
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james-policy-group-james]filter ip-tunnel acl 3000
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james-policy-group-james]quit
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james]service enable
[FW1-sslvpn-context-james]quit
```

[FW1]local-user james class network
New local user added.
[FW1-luser-network-james]password simple james
[FW1-luser-network-james]service-type sslvpn
[FW1-luser-network-james]authorization-attribute sslvpn-policy-group james
[FW1-luser-network-james]quit
[FW1]security-zone name Trust
[FW1-security-zone-Trust]import interface SSLVPN-AC 1
[FW1-security-zone-Trust]quit

测试：
物理机填写IP地址：



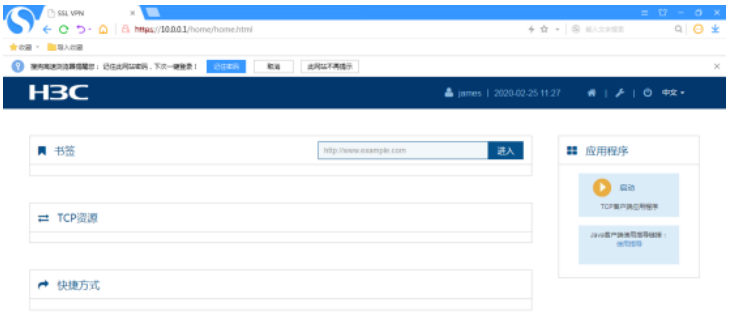
物理机能PING通FW1：



打开浏览器，输入网址：https://10.0.0.1 ，回车,点击“james”

输入用户名、密码，点击“登陆”：

登陆SSL VPN网关成功：



打开inode智能客户端：

选择SSL VPN链接：

输入用户名、密码，点击连接：

SSL VPN隧道建立成功：

查看客户端获取的IP地址：

查看R1的路由表，可看到隧道的路由：

```
<R1>dis ip routing-table

Destinations : 17       Routes : 17

Destination/Mask    Proto   Pre  Cost        NextHop         Interface
0.0.0.0/32          Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
10.0.0.0/24         Static  60   0           123.0.0.2       Tun0
123.0.0.0/30        Direct  0    0           123.0.0.1       Tun0
123.0.0.0/32        Direct  0    0           123.0.0.1       Tun0
123.0.0.1/32        Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
123.0.0.3/32        Direct  0    0           123.0.0.1       Tun0
127.0.0.0/8         Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
127.0.0.0/32        Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
127.0.0.1/32        Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
127.255.255.255/32  Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
192.168.1.0/24      Direct  0    0           192.168.1.1     GE0/0
192.168.1.0/32      Direct  0    0           192.168.1.1     GE0/0
192.168.1.1/32      Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
192.168.1.255/32    Direct  0    0           192.168.1.1     GE0/0
224.0.0.0/4         Direct  0    0           0.0.0.0         NULL0
224.0.0.0/24        Direct  0    0           0.0.0.0         NULL0
255.255.255.255/32  Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
<R1>
```

查看R2的路由表，可看到隧道的路由：

```
<R2>dis ip routing-table

Destinations : 21       Routes : 21

Destination/Mask    Proto   Pre  Cost        NextHop         Interface
0.0.0.0/32          Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
10.0.0.0/30         Direct  0    0           10.0.0.2        GE0/2
10.0.0.0/32         Direct  0    0           10.0.0.2        GE0/2
10.0.0.2/32         Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
10.0.0.3/32         Direct  0    0           10.0.0.2        GE0/2
10.0.0.4/30         Direct  0    0           10.0.0.6        GE0/1
10.0.0.4/32         Direct  0    0           10.0.0.6        GE0/1
10.0.0.6/32         Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
10.0.0.7/32         Direct  0    0           10.0.0.6        GE0/1
123.0.0.0/30        Direct  0    0           123.0.0.2       Tun0
123.0.0.0/32        Direct  0    0           123.0.0.2       Tun0
123.0.0.2/32        Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
123.0.0.3/32        Direct  0    0           123.0.0.2       Tun0
127.0.0.0/8         Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
127.0.0.0/32        Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
127.0.0.1/32        Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
127.255.255.255/32  Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
192.168.1.0/24      Static  60   0           123.0.0.1       Tun0
224.0.0.0/4         Direct  0    0           0.0.0.0         NULL0
224.0.0.0/24        Direct  0    0           0.0.0.0         NULL0
255.255.255.255/32  Direct  0    0           127.0.0.1       InLoop0
<R2>
```

查看R1的隧道状态：

```
<R1>dis int brief
Brief information on interfaces in route mode:
Link: ADM - administratively down; Stby - standby
Protocol: (s) - spoofing
Interface           Link Protocol Primary IP      Description
GE0/0               UP   UP       192.168.1.1
GE0/1               DOWN DOWN     --
GE0/2               UP   UP       --             <connect to ISP>
GE5/0               DOWN DOWN     --
GE5/1               DOWN DOWN     --
GE6/0               DOWN DOWN     --
GE6/1               DOWN DOWN     --
InLoop0             UP   UP(s)    --
NULL0               UP   UP(s)    --
REG0                UP   --       --
Ser1/0              DOWN DOWN     --
Ser2/0              DOWN DOWN     --
Ser3/0              DOWN DOWN     --
Ser4/0              DOWN DOWN     --
Tun0                UP   UP       123.0.0.1

<R1>
```

查看R2的隧道状态：

```
<R2>dis int brief
Brief information on interfaces in route mode:
Link: ADM - administratively down; Stby - standby
Protocol: (s) - spoofing
Interface            Link Protocol Primary IP      Description
GE0/0                UP   UP       --              <connect to ISP>
GE0/1                UP   UP       10.0.0.6        <connect to SW1>
GE0/2                UP   UP       10.0.0.2        <connect to FW1>
GE5/0                DOWN DOWN     --
GE5/1                DOWN DOWN     --
GE6/0                DOWN DOWN     --
GE6/1                DOWN DOWN     --
InLoop0              UP   UP(s)     --
NULL0                UP   UP(s)     --
REG0                 UP   --       --
Ser1/0               DOWN DOWN     --
Ser2/0               DOWN DOWN     --
Ser3/0               DOWN DOWN     --
Ser4/0               DOWN DOWN     --
Tun0                 UP   UP       123.0.0.2

<R2>
```

查看R1的隧道配置信息：

```
<R1>dis cu int Tunnel 0
#
interface Tunnel0 mode ipv6
 ip address 123.0.0.1 255.255.255.252
 source 1::1
 destination 2::1
#
return
<R1>
```

查看R2的隧道配置信息：

```
<R2>dis cu int Tunnel 0
#
interface Tunnel0 mode ipv6
 ip address 123.0.0.2 255.255.255.252
 source 2::1
 destination 1::1
#
return
<R2>
```

查看FW1的SSL VPN显示信息：

```
[FW1]dis sslvpn gateway
Gateway name: james
  Operation state: Up
  IP: 10.0.0.1  Port: 443
  Front VPN instance: Not configured

[FW1]
```

```
[FW1]dis sslvpn context
Context name: james
  Operation state: Up
  AAA domain: Not specified
  Certificate authentication: Disabled
  Password authentication: Enabled
  Authentication use: All
  Dynamic password: Disabled
  Code verification: Disabled
  Default policy group: Not configured
  Associated SSL VPN gateway: james
    Domain name: james
  Maximum users allowed: 1048575
  VPN instance: Not configured
  Idle timeout: 30 min

[FW1]
```

```
[FW1]dis sslvpn session
Total users: 1

SSL VPN context: james
Users: 1
Username        Connections  Idle time   Created       User IP
james           0            0/00:06:19  0/00:08:17    192.168.1.2
[FW1]
```

```
[FW1]dis sslvpn session verbose
User              : james
Context           : james
Policy group      : james
Idle timeout      : 30 min
Created at        : 11:59:09 UTC Tue 02/25/2020
Lastest           : 12:00:23 UTC Tue 02/25/2020
User IPv4 address : 192.168.1.2
Alloced IP        : 172.16.1.2
Session ID        : 1
Web browser/OS    : Windows

[FW1]
```

至此，IPV6之IPV4 over IPV6 over ssl vpn（双臂旁路IP接入）典型组网配置案例已完成!