## The problem that the S7503E-M as an intermediate device fails to pass the Layer 2 mirrored traffic

 Switches
 VLAN
 QinQ
 二层转发
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 Network Topology

 Set 575

On the Layer 2 network, Huawei equipment performs local mirroring, and throws mobile DNS traffic di rectly to our switch through the local mirror. Our switch acts as an intermediate device for pure Layer 2 forwarding. The mobile engineer stated: 1. The mirror source interface of the mobile party is a Layer 3 port. 2. The monitoring port of the mobile party (that is, the port connected to the S75 switch) is a Layer 2 port and is an access port. The vlan is a local vlan of Huawei''s own, so the traffic should be u ntagged.

Problem Desc	cription				
At this time, L	ayer 2 traffic	cannot pass throug	gh S75. Ch	eck th	e interface count. There is a lot of traffi
c on the inbou	und interface,	but the outbound	interface tra	affic is	very small.
<yd-jz-hjsv< td=""><td>V-2&gt;dis count</td><td>ers inbound interfa</td><td>ace gi 0/0/</td><td>1</td><td></td></yd-jz-hjsv<>	V-2>dis count	ers inbound interfa	ace gi 0/0/	1	
Interface	Total (pkts)	Broadcast (pkts)	Multicast (	(pkts)	Err (pkts)
GE0/0/1	<mark>1154698</mark>	0	9	0	
Overflow: Mo : Not su	pre than 14 dig	gits (7 digits for co	lumn "Err")		
<yd-jz-hjsv< td=""><td>V-2&gt;dis count</td><td>ers outbound inter</td><td>rface ten 0</td><td>/0/25</td><td></td></yd-jz-hjsv<>	V-2>dis count	ers outbound inter	rface ten 0	/0/25	

<10-02-1100				)
Interface	Total (pkts)	Broadcast (pkts)	Multicast (pkts	) Err (pkts)
XGE0/0/25	102107	24	95	0

Overflow: More than 14 digits (7 digits for column "Err"). --: Not supported.

### GE0/0/1(in)

IP packet frame type: Ethernet II, hardware address: 7485-c4ef-7400
Description: To-YD-JZ-DNS01
Bandwidth: 1000000 kbps
Loopback is not set
Media type is twisted pair, port hardware type is 1000_BASE_T
1000Mbps-speed mode, full-duplex mode
Link speed type is autonegotiation, link duplex type is autonegotiation
Flow-control is not enabled
Maximum frame length: 9216
Allow jumbo frames to pass
Broadcast max-ratio: 100%
Multicast max-ratio: 100%
Unicast max-ratio: 100%
PVID: 101
MDI type: Automdix
Port link-type: Access
Tagged VLANs: None
Untagged VLANs: 101
Port priority: 0
Last link flapping: 21 hours 12 minutes 2 seconds
Last clearing of counters: 11:11:06 Thu 05/21/2020
Peak input rate: 1850439 bytes/sec, at 2020-05-21 11:12:19
Peak output rate: 16 bytes/sec, at 2020-05-21 11:12:19
Last 300 second input: 13455 packets/sec 1850439 bytes/sec 1%
Last 300 second output: 0 packets/sec 16 bytes/sec 0%
Input (total): 4162278 packets, 572584330 bytes
4162236 unicasts, 1 broadcasts, 35 multicasts, 0 pauses
Input (normal): 4162272 packets, - bytes
4162236 unicasts, 1 broadcasts, 35 multicasts, 0 pauses
Input: 0 input errors, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 CRC, 0 frame, - overruns, 0 aborts
<ul> <li>ignored, - parity errors</li> </ul>
Output (total): 39 packets, 5201 bytes
0 unicasts, 0 broadcasts, 39 multicasts, 0 pauses
Output (normal): 39 packets, - bytes
0 unicasts, 0 broadcasts, 39 multicasts, 0 pauses
Output: 0 output errors, - underruns, - buffer failures
0 aborts, 0 deferred, 0 collisions, 0 late collisions
0 last samian as samian

Description: To-40G_SW To-Core-1&2 Bandwidth: 10000000 kbps
Loopback is not set
Media type is optical fiber, port hardware type is 10G BASE LR SEP
10Gbps-speed mode. full-duplex mode
Link speed type is autonegotiation. link duplex type is autonegotiation
Flow-control is not enabled
Maximum frame length: 9216
Allow jumbo frames to pass
Broadcast max-ratio: 100%
Multicast max-ratio: 100%
Unicast max-ratio: 100%
PVID: 1
MDI type: Automdix
Port link-type: Trunk
VLAN Passing: 20, 101-104, 652
VLAN permitted: 20, 101-104, 652
Trunk port encapsulation: IEEE 802.1q
Port priority: 0
Last link flapping: 20 hours 25 minutes 22 seconds
Last clearing of counters: 11:11:07 Thu 05/21/2020
Peak input rate: 122 bytes/sec, at 2020-05-21 11:13:35
Peak output rate: 357488 bytes/sec, at 2020-05-21 11:13:35
Last 300 second input: 1 packets/sec 122 bytes/sec 0%
Last 300 second output: 3712 packets/sec 357488 bytes/sec 0%
Input (total): 363 packets, 36834 bytes
269 unicasts, 0 broadcasts, 94 multicasts, 0 pauses
Input (normal): 363 packets, - bytes
269 unicasts, 0 broadcasts, 94 multicasts, 0 pauses
Input: 0 input errors, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 CRC, 0 frame, - overruns, 0 aborts
- ignored, - parity errors
Output (total): 1113624 packets, 107246698 bytes
1112831 unicasts, 166 broadcasts, 627 multicasts, 0 pauses
Output (normal): 1113624 packets, - bytes
1112831 unicasts, 166 broadcasts, 627 multicasts, 0 pauses
Output: 0 output errors, - underruns, - buffer failures
0 aborts, 0 deferred, 0 collisions, 0 late collisions
0 lost carrier, - no carrier
<yd-17-h1sw-25< td=""></yd-17-h1sw-25<>

#### **Process Analysis**

First check the configuration under the device interface is a simple Layer 2 forwarding configuration, tr affic flooded in vlan101.

#
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
port link-mode bridge
description To-YD-JZ-DNS01
port access vlan 101
#
interface Ten-GigabitEthernet0/0/25
port link-mode bridge
description To-40G\_SW To-Core-1&2
port link-type trunk

undo port trunk permit vlan 1 port trunk permit vlan 20 101 to 104 652

#

Secondly, use the debug port flow-info slot 0 command to view the incremental traffic changes. You c an see that the packets in the inbound direction of 0/0/1 are much larger than the packets in the outbound direction of 0/0/25, and the packet is not forwarded. Packets may be dropped on the S75 s witch.

inbound

F9/9/1	un	8550314	57694	71	Ø
F8/0/2	un	6977150	48078	71	8
F9/9/3	un	3640781	23886	71	e
E0/0/4	up	3167084	21009	71	0
E0/0/5	down	0	0	0	0
E0/0/6	up	4	0	71	0
E0/0/7	up	779766	6923	807520	6923
E0/0/8	down	0	0	0	0
E0/0/9	up	0	0	179934	123
E0/0/10	down	0	0	0	0
E0/0/11	down	0	0	0	0
E0/0/12	down	0	0	0	0
E0/0/13	up	0	0	79	0
E0/0/14	up		0	72	0
E0/0/15	down		0	0	0
E0/0/16	down		0		0
E0/0/17	down	0	0	0	0
E0/0/18	down		0	0	
E0/0/19	down		0	0	0
YD-JZ-HJSI	N-2-prol	be]debug por	t flow-info s	lot 0	
ORT MATRIX	K:				
interface I	Link In	put(bytes/s)	Input(packets	/s) Output(bytes	s/s) Output(packets/s)
E0/0/1	up	8540214	57683	72	0
E0/0/2	up	6977787	48051	72	0
E0/0/3	up	3635822	23851	72	0
		2400404	04007	710	

### outbound

GE0/0/22	down	0	0	0	0
GE0/0/23	down		0	0	
GE0/0/24	up	738615	6071	738615	6071
XGE0/0/25	up	187	1	738854	6072
XGE0/0/26	up	1	0	76	0
XGE0/0/27	up	180320	123	72	0
XGE0/0/28	down		0	0	0
[YD-JZ-HJSW	-2-prot	be]debug por	t flow-info s	lot 0	
PORT MATRIX Interface L	: ink Inp	out(bytes/s)	Input(packets	/s) Output(bytes/	s) Output(packets/s)
GE0/0/1	up	8495651	57830	73	0
GE0/0/2	up	7043647	48051	73	0
GE0/0/3	up	3634485	24025	72	0
GE0/0/4	up	3252807	21163	73	0
GE0/0/5	down				0
GE0/0/6	up		0	71	0
GE0/0/7	up	713734	6064	738052	6064
GE0/0/8	down			0	0
GE0/0/9	up	0	0	180429	124
GE0/0/10	down		0	0	0
GE0/0/11	down		0		0
GE0/0/12	down	0	0	0	0
GE0/0/13	up	0	0	79	0
GE0/0/14	up		0	72	0
GE0/0/15	down	0	0	0	0
GE0/0/16	down	0	0	0	0
GE0/0/17	down		0	0	
GE0/0/18	down	0	0	0	0
GE0/0/19	down	0	0	0	0
GE0/0/20	down	0	0	0	0
GE0/0/21	down	0	0	0	0
GE0/0/22	down	0	0	0	0
GE0/0/23	down	0	0	0	0
GE0/0/24	up	738002	6064	738002	6064
XGE0/0/25	up	196	1	738323	6066
AGE0/0/26	up	1	U	/b	0
XGE0/0/27	up	180369	123	72	0

It is suspected that the reason is that the layer 2 traffic carries the vlan tag. Although the Huawei devi ce indicates that it is thrown to our S75E G0/0/1 interface to the traffic without carrying the vlan-tag, it is received from our device ge1 (G0 / 0/1) chip. According to the statistics of the received packets, a I arge number of vlan-tag packets were received.

UC_PERQ_BY	TE(7).g	e0:	2,023	,941	+2,023,9	41	131/s
RUC.ge1	: '	1,409,965,	854	+1,237,3	38,671	61,335/	's
RDBGC3.ge1	:	1,409,97	76,359	+1,23	7,347,910	61,3	35/s
RDBGC8.ge1	:	1,409,97	76,358	+1,23	7,347,909	61,3	35/s
ING_NIV_RX_I	FRAME	S_VLAN_T	AGGE	D.ge1:	1,409,9	976,358	+1,237,347,909
61,335/s //Count of TAG packets received on the port							
R64.ge1	:	189,608	;	+164,99	7	3/s	
R127.ge1	:	831,165,6	510	+731,51	6,945	35,010/s	
R255.ge1	:	456,778,6	64	+398,23	6,914	19,650/s	
R511.ge1	:	107,757,1	50	+94,497	7,804	6,565/s	
R1023.ge1	:	3,481,02	27	+3,038,	954	96/s	
R1518.ge1	:	147,30	5	+137,5	89	3/s	

Therefore, Huawei devices use Layer 3 ports as mirror source ports to send mirror packets that also c arry vlan tags.

# Solution

The QinQ function is implemented on the S75 switch. When the message enters the S75 switch port, because qinq will be marked with an outer tag, the tagged message will be released by the port. The I abel is peeled off.