

WX系列AC+Fit AP穿越NAT典型配置（本地转发）

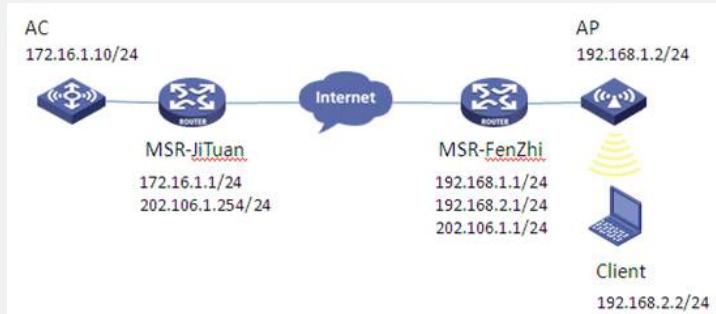
wlan接入 NAT 王森森 2012-10-09 发表

WX系列AC+Fit AP穿越NAT典型配置（本地转发）

一、组网需求：

WX系列AC、FIT AP、路由器、便携机（安装有无线网卡）

二、组网图：



本典型配置举例中AC使用WX5004无线控制器，版本为R2308P07。AC和AP分别位于私网内，通过集团路由器和分支路由器穿越Internet实现互通。

分支侧MSR-FenZhi作为AP网关（192.168.1.1/24）和用户业务网关（192.168.2.1/24），并设置互联地址（202.106.1.1/24）。配置DHCP Server为AP和Client分配IP地址，在外网口配置动态地址转换将AP的IP地址映射公网IP地址。

集团侧MSR-JiTuan作为AC网关（172.16.1.1/24）、并设置互联地址（202.106.1.254/24），在外网口配置静态地址转换将AC的IP地址一对一静态映射为公网IP地址。

三、特性介绍：

AC和AP间穿越NAT通过AC同时纪录AP的IP地址和端口号信息，实现处于NAT设备内部的AP注册到AC。

AP与AC之间共要建立两条隧道，控制隧道和数据隧道。穿过NAT后，两条隧道的AP端IP地址和端口号都会被转换。AC会面临两个问题：第一，如何建立控制隧道和数据隧道的对应关系；第二，在数据隧道没有数据传送时，如何保活NAT会话。解决方式：数据隧道新增一类报文“数据保活报文”，通过周期性的发送来保活NAT会话；然后其携带的session id帮助AC实现数据隧道和控制隧道的关联。AC的B96版本默认支持AP到AC之间穿越NAT，不需要任何配置。

在MSR-JiTuan侧配置静态地址转换将私网AC的IP地址一对一静态映射为公网IP地址，可以实现AC位于私网内的应用环境。

四、配置信息：

1. AC的配置信息：

```
#  
version 5.20, Release 2308P07  
#  
sysname AC  
#  
domain default enable system  
#  
telnet server enable  
#  
port-security enable  
#  
vlan 1  
#  
vlan 2  
#
```

```
domain system
access-limit disable
state active
idle-cut disable
self-service-url disable
#
user-group system
group-attribute allow-guest
#
local-user admin
password simple admin
authorization-attribute level 3
service-type telnet
#
wlan rrm
dot11a mandatory-rate 6 12 24
dot11a supported-rate 9 18 36 48 54
dot11b mandatory-rate 1 2
dot11b supported-rate 5.5 11
dot11g mandatory-rate 1 2 5.5 11
dot11g supported-rate 6 9 12 18 24 36 48 54
#
wlan service-template 1 clear
ssid h3c-nat
bind WLAN-ESS 1
client forwarding-mode local
service-template enable
#
interface NULL0
#
interface Vlan-interface1
ip address 172.16.1.10 255.255.255.0
#
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
#
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/2
#
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/3
#
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/4
#
interface Ten-GigabitEthernet1/0/5
#
interface WLAN-ESS1
port access vlan 2
#
wlan ap ap1 model WA2610i-GN id 1
trap enable
map-configuration fitap.txt
serial-id 219801A0CLC124000294
radio 1
service-template 1
radio enable
#
ip route-static 202.106.1.0 255.255.255.0 172.16.1.1
#
undo info-center logfile enable
```

```
#  
arp-snooping enable  
#  
load xml-configuration  
#  
user-interface con 0  
user-interface vty 0 4  
authentication-mode scheme  
user privilege level 3  
#  
Return  
2. fitap.txt map文件的配置信息:  
#  
vlan 2 to 256  
#  
interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/1  
port link-type trunk  
port trunk permit vlan all  
#  
return  
3. MSR-JiTuan的配置信息:  
#  
version 5.20, Release 2209P15  
#  
sysname MSR-JiTuan  
#  
domain default enable system  
#  
dar p2p signature-file flash:/p2p_default.mtd  
#  
port-security enable  
#  
vlan 1  
#  
domain system  
access-limit disable  
state active  
idle-cut disable  
self-service-url disable  
#  
user-group system  
group-attribute allow-guest  
#  
local-user admin  
password cipher $c$3$40gC1cxf/wIJNa1ufFPjsjKAof+QP5aV  
authorization-attribute level 3  
service-type telnet  
#  
cwmp  
undo cwmp enable  
#  
interface Aux0  
async mode flow  
link-protocol ppp  
#  
interface Cellular0/0  
async mode protocol
```

```
link-protocol ppp
#
interface Ethernet0/0
port link-mode route
ip address 172.16.1.1 255.255.255.0
#
interface Ethernet0/1
port link-mode route
nat outbound static
ip address 202.106.1.254 255.255.255.0
#
interface NULL0
#
#
voice-setup
#
sip
#
sip-server
#
call-rule-set
#
call-route
#
dial-program
default entity fax protocol standard-t38
default entity fax protocol standard-t38 hb-redundancy 0
default entity fax protocol standard-t38 lb-redundancy 0
#
aaa-client
#
gk-client
#
nat static 172.16.1.10 202.106.1.253
#
load xml-configuration
#
load tr069-configuration
#
user-interface tty 12
user-interface aux 0
user-interface vty 0 4
authentication-mode scheme
#
Return
4. MSR-FenZhi的配置信息:
#
version 5.20, Release 2104P02
#
sysname MSR-FenZhi
#
nat address-group 1 202.106.1.2 202.106.1.10
#
domain default enable system
#
dar p2p signature-file flash:/p2p_default.mtd
#
```

```
port-security enable
#
acl number 2001
rule 0 permit source 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
rule 5 deny
#
vlan 1
#
vlan 2
#
domain system
access-limit disable
state active
idle-cut disable
self-service-url disable
#
dhcp server ip-pool ap
network 192.168.1.0 mask 255.255.255.0
gateway-list 192.168.1.1
option 43 hex 80070000 01CA6A01 FD //AC地址为202.106.1.253
#
dhcp server ip-pool vlan2
network 192.168.2.0 mask 255.255.255.0
gateway-list 192.168.2.1
#
user-group system
#
local-user admin
password cipher .]@USE=B,53Q=^Q`MAF4<1!!
authorization-attribute level 3
service-type telnet
#
cwmp
undo cwmp enable
#
interface Aux0
async mode flow
link-protocol ppp
#
interface Cellular0/0
async mode protocol
link-protocol ppp
#
interface NULL0
#
interface Vlan-interface1
ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
#
interface Vlan-interface2
ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
port link-mode route
nat outbound 2001 address-group 1
ip address 202.106.1.1 255.255.255.0
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
```

```

port link-mode bridge
port link-type trunk
port trunk permit vlan all
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
port link-mode route
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/3
port link-mode route
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/4
port link-mode route
#
ip route-static 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 202.106.1.254
#
dhcp server forbidden-ip 192.168.1.1
dhcp server forbidden-ip 192.168.2.1
#
dhcp enable
#
load xml-configuration
#
load tr069-configuration
#
user-interface tty 12
user-interface aux 0
user-interface vty 0 4
authentication-mode scheme
#
Return

```

五、主要配置步骤：

1. AC配置：

```

#创建VLAN，并配置VLAN接口IP地址。
system-view
[AC] vlan 2
[AC -vlan2] quit
[AC] interface Vlan-interface1
[AC-Vlan-interface1] ip address 172.16.1.10 255.255.255.0
[AC-Vlan-interface1] quit
#使能ARP Snooping功能。
[AC] arp-snooping enable
#配置静态路由。
[AC] ip route-static 202.106.1.0 255.255.255.0 172.16.1.1
#配置WLAN ESS接口。
[AC] interface WLAN-ESS1
[AC-WLAN-ESS1] port access vlan 2
[AC-WLAN-ESS1]quit
#配置service-template服务模板，开启本地转发功能。
[AC] wlan service-template 1 clear
[AC-wlan-st-1] ssid h3c-nat
[AC-wlan-st-1] bind WLAN-ESS 1
[AC-wlan-st-1] client forwarding-mode local
[AC-wlan-st-1] service-template enable
[AC-wlan-st-1] quit
#配置ap1，将指定文件映射到AP。
[AC] wlan ap ap1 model WA2610i-GN
[AC-wlan-ap-ap1] serial-id 219801A0CLC124000294

```

```

[AC-wlan-ap-ap1] map-configuration fitap.txt
[AC-wlan-ap-ap1] radio 1
[AC- wlan-ap-ap1-radio-1] service-template 1
[AC- wlan-ap-ap1-radio-1] radio enable
[AC- wlan-ap-ap1-radio-1] quit
[AC-wlan-ap-ap1] quit

2. fitap.txt map文件配置:
#编写fitap.txt map文件配置并上传到AC的CF卡。
#
vlan 2 to 256
#
interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/1
port link-type trunk
port trunk permit vlan all
#
return

3. MSR-JiTuan配置:
#配置以太网接口IP地址。
system-view
[MSR-JiTuan] interface Ethernet0/0
[MSR-JiTuan - Ethernet0/0] ip address 172.16.1.1 255.255.255.0
[MSR-JiTuan - Ethernet0/0] quit
[MSR-JiTuan] interface Ethernet0/1
[MSR-JiTuan - Ethernet0/1] ip address 202.106.1.254 255.255.255.0
[MSR-JiTuan - Ethernet0/1] quit
#配置一对一静态地址转换映射。
[MSR-JiTuan] nat static 172.16.1.10 202.106.1.253
[MSR-JiTuan] interface Ethernet0/1
[MSR-JiTuan - Ethernet0/1] nat outbound static
[MSR-JiTuan - Ethernet0/1] quit

4. MSR-FenZhi配置:
#创建VLAN，切换以太网接口的工作模式，并配置以太网接口及VLAN接口IP地址。
system-view
[MSR-FenZhi] vlan 2
[MSR-FenZhi - vlan2] quit
[MSR-FenZhi] interface GigabitEthernet0/1
[MSR-FenZhi - GigabitEthernet0/1] port link-mode bridge
[MSR-FenZhi - GigabitEthernet0/1] port link-type trunk
[MSR-FenZhi - GigabitEthernet0/1] port trunk permit vlan all
[MSR-FenZhi - GigabitEthernet0/1] quit
[MSR-FenZhi] interface GigabitEthernet0/0
[MSR-FenZhi - GigabitEthernet0/0] ip address 202.106.1.1 255.255.255.0
[MSR-FenZhi - GigabitEthernet0/0] quit
[MSR-FenZhi] interface Vlan-interface1
[MSR-FenZhi - Vlan-interface1] ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
[MSR-FenZhi - Vlan-interface1] quit
[MSR-FenZhi] interface Vlan-interface2
[MSR-FenZhi - Vlan-interface2] ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
[MSR-FenZhi - Vlan-interface2] quit
#配置DHCP server，并设置为ap分配地址的地址池的option 43 属性，AC地址为20
2.106.1.253。
[MSR-FenZhi] dhcp enable
[MSR-FenZhi] dhcp server ip-pool ap
[MSR-FenZhi - dhcp server ip-pool ap] network 192.168.1.0 mask 255.255.2
55.0
[MSR-FenZhi - dhcp server ip-pool ap] gateway-list 192.168.1.1
[MSR-FenZhi - dhcp server ip-pool ap] option 43 hex 80070000 01CA6A01

```

```

FD
[MSR-FenZhi - dhcp server ip-pool ap] quit
[MSR-FenZhi] dhcp server ip-pool vlan2
[MSR-FenZhi - dhcp server ip-pool vlan2] network 192.168.2.0 mask 255.25
5.255.0
[MSR-FenZhi - dhcp server ip-pool vlan2] gateway-list 192.168.2.1
[MSR-FenZhi - dhcp server ip-pool vlan2] quit
[MSR-FenZhi] dhcp server forbidden-ip 192.168.1.1
[MSR-FenZhi] dhcp server forbidden-ip 192.168.2.1
#配置访问控制列表2001，仅允许内部网络中192.168.1.0/24网段的用户可以访问In
ternet。
[MSR-FenZhi] acl number 2001
[MSR-FenZhi -acl-basic-2001] rule 0 permit source 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
[MSR-FenZhi -acl-basic-2001] rule 5 deny
[MSR-FenZhi -acl-basic-2001] quit
#配置IP地址池1。
[MSR-FenZhi] nat address-group 1 202.106.1.2 202.106.1.10
# 在出接口GigabitEthernet0/0上配置ACL 2001与IP地址池1相关联。
[MSR-FenZhi] interface GigabitEthernet0/0
[MSR-FenZhi - GigabitEthernet0/0] nat outbound 2001 address-group 1
[MSR-FenZhi - GigabitEthernet0/0] quit
#配置默认路由。
[MSR-FenZhi] ip route-static 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 202.106.1.254

```

六、结果验证：

(1) 查看分支路由器nat会话表项。

```

KMSR-FenZhi>display nat session
There are currently 2 NAT sessions:
Protocol      GlobalAddr  Port      InsideAddr  Port      DestAddr  Port
    UDP        202.106.1.5 12289    192.168.1.3 12222   202.106.1.253 12222
    status:11    TTL:00:04:00 Left:00:04:00 VPN:---
    UDP        202.106.1.5 12288    192.168.1.3 12223   202.106.1.253 12223
    status:11    TTL:00:04:00 Left:00:03:56 VPN:---

```

(2) 查看集团路由器nat会话表项。

```

KMSR-JiTuan>display nat server
NAT server in private network information:
There are currently 2 internal server(s)
Interface: Ethernet0/1, Protocol: 17(udp)
    Global: 202.106.1.253 : 12222
    Local : 172.16.1.10 : 12222
Interface: Ethernet0/1, Protocol: 17(udp)
    Global: 202.106.1.253 : 12223
    Local : 172.16.1.10 : 12223

```

(3) 查看AP信息。

```

KAC>display wlan ap all
Total Number of AP's configured : 1
Total Number of configured APs connected : 1
Total Number of auto APs connected : 0
                                         AP Profiles
State : I = Idle, J = Join, JA = JoinAck, IL = ImageLoad
        C = Config, R = Run, KU = KeyUpdate, KC = KeyCfm
-----AP Name          State Model          Serial-ID-----
ap1              R/M  WA2610i-GN       219801A0CLC124000294

```

(5) 查看客户端信息。

```

KAC>display wlan client
Total Number of Clients : 1
                           Client Information
SSID: h3c-nat
-----MAC Address     User Name      APID/RID IP Address      VLAN-----
0024-d636-18b2 -NA-           1 /1    192.168.2.2      2

```

(6) 客户端获取IP地址信息，并能ping通网关。

```
C:\Documents and Settings\w08903>ipconfig  
Windows IP Configuration  
  
Ethernet adapter <DFE5262D-3E94-49E7-9934-D12594F11C78>:  
    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected  
Ethernet adapter 无线网络连接:  
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :  
        IP Address . . . . . : 192.168.2.2  
        Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0  
        IP Address . . . . . : fe80::224:d6ff:fe36:18b2%9  
        Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.2.1
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\w08903>ping 192.168.2.1  
Pinging 192.168.2.1 with 32 bytes of data:  
Reply from 192.168.2.1: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=255  
Reply from 192.168.2.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255  
Reply from 192.168.2.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=255  
Reply from 192.168.2.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=255
```