

## Learningspace的GlusterFS支持NVME SSD的配置方法

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## 组网及说明

超融合场景下的Learningspace

## 问题描述

Learningspace暂时不支持识别nvme ssd硬盘,所以当集群使用NVME盘时,GlusterFS无法自动检测到NVMF盘

## 过程分析

如果有需要将nvme ssd硬盘作为教学镜像存储使用的,可以采用后台挂载nvme ssd.然后再到前台纳管的方式进行。前台代码检测到后台已经挂载有/vms/learingspace目录,则会自动识别。

1、查看nvme硬盘的Name

```
[root@BJLJ-cvknode-03 ~] # 1sb1k
NAME MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
nvme0nl 259:0 0 894.3G 0 disk
      8:48 0 3.7T 0 disk
sdd
          8:16 0 3.7T 0 disk
sdb
          7:4 0 30G 0 loop /vms/h3cdshare
8:32 0 3.7T 0 disk
loop4
sdc
          8:0 0 446.6G 0 disk
8:4 0 31.7G 0 part /var/log
8:2 0 104.5G 0 part /
                             0 disk
sda
-sda4
  -sda2
                     278G 0 part /vms
  -sda5
         8:3 0 32G 0 part [SWAP]
8:1 0 512M 0 part /boot/efi
  -sda3
 -sdal
[root@BJLJ-cvknode-03 ~]#
```

2、执行fdisk /dev/neme0n1格式化该硬盘

```
[root@BJLJ-cvknode-03 ~] # fdisk /dev/nvme0nl
Welcome to fdisk (util-linux 2.23.2).

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Device does not contain a recognized partition table
Building a new DOS disklabel with disk identifier 0x5333bddl.

Command (m for help):
```

先执行p查看是否已有分区,一般是没有,有的话,需要执行d删除分区 执行n然后反复回车,直到分区完成,然后执行wq保存退出

```
[root@BJLJ-cvknode-03 ~]# fdisk /dev/nvme0nl
Welcome to fdisk (util-linux 2.23.2).
 Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
 Be careful before using the write command.
Device does not contain a recognized partition table Building a new DOS disklabel with disk identifier 0x5333bddl.
 Command (m for help): p
Disk /dev/nvme0n1: 960.2 GB, 960197124096 bytes, 1875385008 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
 I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
 Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x5333bddl
                                                                Blocks Id System
          Device Boot
                                 Start
                                                   End
 Command (m for help): n
Partition type:
  p primary (0 primary, 0 extended, 4 free)
e extended
 Select (default p):
 Using default response p
 Partition number (1-4, default 1):
First sector (2048-1875385007, default 2048):
 Using default value 2048
Last sector, +sectors or +size(K,M,G) (2048-1875385007, default 1875385007):
Using default value 1875385007
Partition 1 of type Linux and of size 894.3 GiB is set
```

3 执行mkfs.ext4 /dev/neme0n1p1格式化刚才分的分区

Command (m for help): wq The partition table has been altered!