



7505E交换机光模块阈值读取

mib

SNMP

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组网及说明

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问题描述

客户现场反馈使用MIB节点读取的光模块信息和命令行读取的信息不一致，收发光最大值和最小值和命令行结果不符

```
Ten-GigabitEthernet1/3/0/7 transceiver diagnostic information:
Current diagnostic parameters:
Temp.( Voltage(V) Bias(mA) RX power(dBm) TX power(dBm)
44 3.33 5.47 -2.35 -2.19
Alarm thresholds:
Temp.( Voltage(V) Bias(mA) RX power(dBm) TX power(dBm)
High 73 3.80 9.35 1.00 -1.00
Low -3 2.81 1.00 -11.90 -10.30
```

网管读取信息如下：

Interface Ten-GigabitEthernet1/3/0/7(Ten-GigabitEthernet1/3/0/7 Interface): 收光功率	2021-04-02 14:25:37	-2.35 dBm	-0.01 dBm
Interface Ten-GigabitEthernet1/3/0/7(Ten-GigabitEthernet1/3/0/7 Interface): 规范最低收光功率	2021-04-02 14:01:09	-9.9 dBm	

过程分析

经过确认，现场读取的节点是 `hh3cTransceiverMaxTXPower`，该节点读出来的是光模块自身的收发光能力，`Alarm thresholds`的光模块节点是以下几个：

hh3cTransceiverPwrOutHiAlarm (1.3.6.1.4.1.25506.2.70.1.1.1.30)	read-only	Yes	As per MIB
hh3cTransceiverPwrOutLoAlarm (1.3.6.1.4.1.25506.2.70.1.1.1.31)	read-only	Yes	As per MIB
hh3cTransceiverRcvPwrHiWarn (1.3.6.1.4.1.25506.2.70.1.1.1.36)	read-only	Yes	As per MIB
hh3cTransceiverRcvPwrLoWarn (1.3.6.1.4.1.25506.2.70.1.1.1.37)	read-only	Yes	As per MIB

通过对应节点读出来值，需要通过下述计算方式进行计算：

通过命令行读取信息如下：

```
Ten-GigabitEthernet3/0/5 transceiver diagnostic information:
Current diagnostic parameters:
  Temp. (°C) Voltage (V) Bias (mA) RX power (dBm) TX power (dBm)
  40         3.37      7.89    -3.39      -2.75
Alarm thresholds:
  Temp. (°C) Voltage (V) Bias (mA) RX power (dBm) TX power (dBm)
  High  73      3.80     13.20    1.00      0.00
  Low   -3       2.81      1.00    -9.50     -10.30
```

通过mib节点读取该端口信息如下：

```
1: ifDescr.161 (DisplayString) Ten-GigabitEthernet3/0/5
[54.65.6E.2D.47.69.67.61.62.69.74.45.74.68.65.72.6E.65.74.33.2F.30.2F.35 (hex)]
```

```
7: hh3cTransceiverPwrOutHiAlarm.161 (Integer32) 10000
```

```
7: hh3cTransceiverPwrOutLoAlarm.161 (Integer32) 933
```

读取出来的数值单位是 0.1uw

```
Name:                hh3cTransceiverPwrOutHiAlarm
Type:                OBJECT-TYPE
OID:                 1.3.6.1.4.1.25506.2.70.1.1.1.30
Full path:
iso(1).org(3).dod(6).internet(1).private(4).enterprises(1).hh3c(25506).hh3cCommon(2).hh3cTransceiver
(70).hh3cTransceiverInfoAdm(1).hh3cTransceiverInfoTable(1).hh3cTransceiverInfoEntry(1).hh3cTrans
ceiverPwrOutHiAlarm(30)
Module:              HH3C-TRANSCEIVER-INFO-MIB

Parent:              hh3cTransceiverInfoEntry
Prev sibling:         hh3cTransceiverBiasLoWarn
Next sibling:         hh3cTransceiverPwrOutLoAlarm

Numerical syntax:    Integer (32 bit)
Base syntax:         Integer32
Composed syntax:     Integer32
Status:              current
Max access:          read-only
```

Description: Transceiver transmit power high alarm
threshold in tenths of microwatts.

As an example: 10000 is 1 milliwatt.

下面就是光模块发送的上下告警的数据的转换方法：

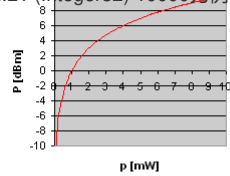
转化的方法可以到网上查询，比如可以到下面的网址进行在线转换：

<http://www.elecfans.com/tools/dbm.htm>

上限告警阈值：0 dBm

dBw和dBm的换算：0 dBw = 10log1 W = 10log1000 mw = 30 dBm

以hh3cTransceiverPwrOutHiAlarm.21 (Integer32) 10000为例，对应节点读出的值10000 的单位为0.1uw，此时需要进行转换计算；
转换成mw：10000/10000=1 mw
转换成dBm： $10 \cdot \lg 1 = 10 \cdot 0 = 0 \text{ dBm}$



$$P = 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left(\frac{p}{p_0} \right) \quad p_0 = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ W [dBW]} \\ 1 \text{ mW [dBm]} \end{cases}$$

P = dBW

Power: P = dBm

p = W

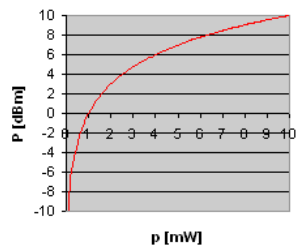
输入相应值，点击“convert”进行转换计算

0 dBm = 0.000999999999999993W = 0.0009999W

因为读出来的数据的单位是：10000 is 1 milliwatt.

因此显示为10000

下限告警阈值：-10.30



$$P = 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left(\frac{p}{p_0} \right) \quad p_0 = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ W [dBW]} \\ 1 \text{ mW [dBm]} \end{cases}$$

P = dBW

Power: P = dBm

p = W

输入相应值，点击“convert”进行转换计算

-10.3dBm = 0.00009332543007969922W = 0.0000933W

因为读出来的数据的单位是：10000 is 1 milliwatt.

因此显示为933

