

一、组网需求:

某客户组网如下图所示，客户两个局点之间是MPLS网络，客户希望在CE之间再增加一层IPsec隧道保护内部流量。

二、组网图:

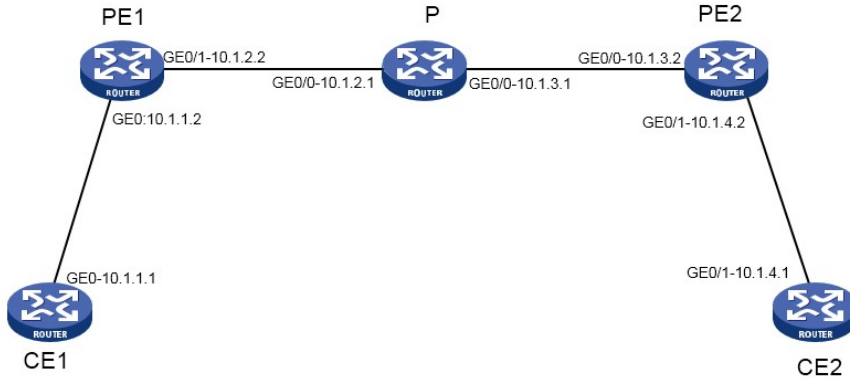


图1

如图，PE1—PE2之间跑MPLS网络，客户还希望在CE1和CE2之间跑IPsec隧道加密报文

三、配置步骤:

首先在各个路由器接口正确的配置IP，并且配置路由协议，使得各个网段可以互达。

PE1、P、PE2的Loopback接口分别为1.1.1.1、2.2.2.2、3.3.3.3

然后在PE1、P、PE2之间开启ospf和MPLS功能:

【PE1】

```
#
ip vpn-instance 1 //配置VPN信息
route-distinguisher 1:1 //RD为1:1
vpn-target 1:1 import-extcommunity //RT也是1:1
vpn-target 1:1 export-extcommunity
#
ospf 1 //配置ospf发布公网路由
area 0.0.0.0
network 10.1.2.0 0.0.0.255
network 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0
#
mpls lsr-id 1.1.1.1 //配置mpls lsr-id
#
mpls ldp //全局开启mpls ldp
#
interface LoopBack0
ip address 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.255
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
port link-mode route
combo enable copper
ip binding vpn-instance 1 //连接CE的接口绑定VPN 1
ip address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
port link-mode route
combo enable copper
ip address 10.1.2.2 255.255.255.0
ospf network-type p2p
mpls enable //连接P设备接口启用mpls和mpls ldp
mpls ldp enable
#
bgp 100 //配置bgp
peer 3.3.3.3 as-number 100
```

```
peer 3.3.3.3 connect-interface LoopBack0
```

```
#
```

```
address-family vpnv4
```

```
peer 3.3.3.3 enable
```

```
#
```

```
ip vpn-instance 1
```

```
#
```

```
address-family ipv4 unicast
```

```
import-route direct //引入直连
```

```
#
```

```
【P】
```

```
#
```

```
ospf 1
```

```
area 0.0.0.0
```

```
network 10.1.2.0 0.0.0.255
```

```
network 10.1.3.0 0.0.0.255
```

```
network 2.2.2.2 0.0.0.0
```

```
#
```

```
mpls lsr-id 2.2.2.2
```

```
#
```

```
mpls ldp
```

```
#
```

```
interface LoopBack0
```

```
ip address 2.2.2.2 255.255.255.255
```

```
#
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
```

```
port link-mode route
```

```
combo enable copper
```

```
ip address 10.1.2.1 255.255.255.0
```

```
ospf network-type p2p
```

```
mpls enable
```

```
mpls ldp enable
```

```
#
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
```

```
port link-mode route
```

```
combo enable copper
```

```
ip address 10.1.3.1 255.255.255.0
```

```
ospf network-type p2p
```

```
mpls enable
```

```
mpls ldp enable
```

```
#
```

```
【PE2】
```

```
#
```

```
ip vpn-instance 1
```

```
route-distinguisher 1:1
```

```
vpn-target 1:1 import-extcommunity
```

```
vpn-target 1:1 export-extcommunity
```

```
#
```

```
ospf 1
```

```
area 0.0.0.0
```

```
network 10.1.3.0 0.0.0.255
```

```
network 3.3.3.3 0.0.0.0
```

```
#
```

```
mpls lsr-id 3.3.3.3
```

```
#
```

```
mpls ldp
```

```
#
```

```
interface LoopBack0
```

```
ip address 3.3.3.3 255.255.255.255
```

```
#
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
```

```
port link-mode route
```

```
combo enable copper
```

```
ip address 10.1.3.2 255.255.255.0
```

```
ospf network-type p2p
mpls enable
mpls ldp enable
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
port link-mode route
combo enable copper
ip binding vpn-instance 1
ip address 10.1.4.2 255.255.255.0
#
bgp 100
peer 1.1.1.1 as-number 100
peer 1.1.1.1 connect-interface LoopBack0
#
address-family vpnv4
peer 1.1.1.1 enable
#
ip vpn-instance 1
#
address-family ipv4 unicast
import-route direct
#
【CE1】
#
acl advanced 3000
rule 0 permit ip source 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 destination 10.1.4.0 0.0.0.255
#
ipsec transform-set 1
esp encryption-algorithm des-cbc
esp authentication-algorithm md5
#
ike profile 1
keychain 1
match remote identity address 10.1.4.1 255.255.255.255
#
ike keychain 1
pre-shared-key address 10.1.4.1 255.255.255.255 key cipher $c$3$i9oITggPMsgflvTP3MRJUch3P
ZkFkIH/w==
#
#
ipsec policy 1 1 isakmp
transform-set 1
security acl 3000
remote-address 10.1.4.1
ike-profile 1
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
port link-mode route
combo enable copper
ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
ipsec apply policy 1
#
ip route-static 0.0.0.0 0 10.1.1.2
#
【CE2】
#
acl advanced 3000
rule 0 permit ip source 10.1.4.0 0.0.0.255 destination 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255
#
ipsec transform-set 1
esp encryption-algorithm des-cbc
esp authentication-algorithm md5
#
ike profile 1
```

```

keychain 1
match remote identity address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.255
#
ike keychain 1
pre-shared-key address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.255 key cipher $c$3$AhfWOkT8fhAylzfJxgUpdw9/yoc
dIXINZw==
#
ipsec policy 1 1 isakmp
transform-set 1
security acl 3000
remote-address 10.1.1.1
ike-profile 1
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
port link-mode route
combo enable copper
ip address 10.1.4.1 255.255.255.0
ipsec apply policy 1
#
ip route-static 0.0.0.0 0 10.1.4.2
#

```

【在PE1上查看BGP邻居信息】

```
<PE1>display bgp peer vpnv4
```

```

BGP local router ID: 1.1.1.1
Local AS number: 100
Total number of peers: 1          Peers in established state: 1

```

* - Dynamically created peer

```
Peer          AS  MsgRcvd  MsgSent  OutQ  PrefRcv  Up/Down  State
```

```
3.3.3.3      100   52    50    0    1 00:39:50 Established
```

【在PE1上查看vpn4路由信息】

```
[PE1]display bgp routing-table vpnv4
```

```

BGP local router ID is 1.1.1.1
Status codes: * - valid, > - best, d - dampened, h - history
               s - suppressed, S - stale, i - internal, e - external
               a - additional-path
Origin: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete

```

```
Total number of routes from all PEs: 1
```

```
Route distinguisher: 1:1(1)
```

```
Total number of routes: 3
```

Network	NextHop	MED	LocPrf	PrefVal	Path/Ogn
* > 10.1.1.0/24	10.1.1.2	0		32768	?
* > 10.1.1.2/32	127.0.0.1	0		32768	?
* >i 10.1.4.0/24	3.3.3.3	0	100	0	? //学到了对端PE2的私网路由

【CE1上ping CE2触发IPsec建立】

```
[CE1]ping -a 10.1.1.1 10.1.4.1
```

```
Ping 10.1.4.1 (10.1.4.1) from 10.1.1.1: 56 data bytes, press CTRL_C to break
```

```
Request time out //丢一个包, 说明IPsec建立
```

```
56 bytes from 10.1.4.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=3.000 ms
```

```
56 bytes from 10.1.4.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=2.000 ms
```

```
56 bytes from 10.1.4.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=3.000 ms
```

```
56 bytes from 10.1.4.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=2.000 ms
```

```
--- Ping statistics for 10.1.4.1 ---
```

```
5 packet(s) transmitted, 4 packet(s) received, 20.0% packet loss
```

```
round-trip min/avg/max/std-dev = 2.000/2.500/3.000/0.500 ms
```

【查看ike sa和IPsec sa】

[CE1]dis ike sa

Connection-ID	Remote	Flag	DOI
7	10.1.4.1	RD	IPsec

[CE1]dis ipsec sa

IPsec policy: 1

Sequence number: 1

Mode: ISAKMP

Tunnel id: 1

Encapsulation mode: tunnel

Perfect Forward Secrecy:

Inside VPN:

Extended Sequence Numbers enable: N

Traffic Flow Confidentiality enable: N

Path MTU: 1444

Tunnel:

local address: 10.1.1.1

remote address: 10.1.4.1

Flow:

sour addr: 10.1.1.0/255.255.255.0 port: 0 protocol: ip

dest addr: 10.1.4.0/255.255.255.0 port: 0 protocol: ip

[Inbound ESP SAs]

SPI: 851573583 (0x32c1fb4f)

Connection ID: 4294967298

Transform set: ESP-ENCRYPT-DES-CBC ESP-AUTH-MD5

SA duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843200/3600

SA remaining duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843199/3536

Max received sequence-number: 4

Anti-replay check enable: Y

Anti-replay window size: 64

UDP encapsulation used for NAT traversal: N

Status: Active

[Outbound ESP SAs]

SPI: 402872853 (0x18035a15)

Connection ID: 4294967299

Transform set: ESP-ENCRYPT-DES-CBC ESP-AUTH-MD5

SA duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843200/3600

SA remaining duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843199/3536

Max sent sequence-number: 4

UDP encapsulation used for NAT traversal: N

Status: Active

四、配置关键点:

由于IPsec是在CE之间建立, 所以中间MPLS网络可以不予考虑, 只要CE1和CE2的路由可达即可建立IPsec隧道

隧道