

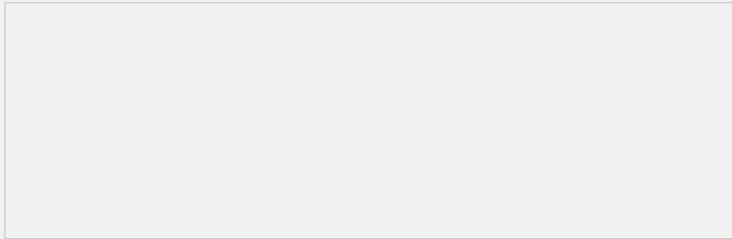
MSR-G2系列路由器 gre over ipsec with ospf的典型配置

一、组网需求

Router1模拟分部出口路由器，Router3模拟总部出口路由器，对分支机构提供GRE OVER IPSEC接入；总部和分支在GRE隧道上启动OSPF路由协议，传送总部和分支的路由信息，该配置实际应用较多，既可以运行OSPF等IGP路由协议，又能对所有总部和分部之间的流量进行加密。

设备清单：MSR G2路由器3台

二、组网图



图一 MSR-G2路由器 GRE over IPSEC with OSPF组网图

三、配置步骤

使用版本：E0006P05

Router1 配置：

```
//配置OSPF协议，通告环回口地址和tunnel口地址
#
ospf 1 router-id 1.1.1.1
area 0.0.0.0
network 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0
network 100.1.1.0 0.0.0.255
#
//配置环回口模拟内网用户
interface LoopBack0
ip address 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.255
//配置接口GigabitEthernet2/0/0，调用IPSEC策略
#
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/0
port link-mode route
combo enable copper
ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
ipsec apply policy 123
#
//配置tunnel接口，模式为gre，封装源地址为本端物理口地址，目的地址为Router3的
物理口地址
interface Tunnel0 mode gre
ip address 100.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
source 10.1.1.1
destination 20.1.1.2
//配置静态路由，下一跳为10.1.1.2
#
ip route-static 20.1.1.0 24 10.1.1.2
#
//配置安全ACL，保护数据流为tunnel口封装的源、目地址
acl number 3000
rule 0 permit ip source 10.1.1.1 0 destination 20.1.1.2 0
#
//配置IPSEC提议，加密类型为3des-cbc,认证方式为MD5
ipsec transform-set 123
```

```

esp encryption-algorithm 3des-cbc
esp authentication-algorithm md5
#
//配置IPSEC策略, 调用安全ACL, IPSEC提议, 指定对端地址为Router3物理口地址
ipsec policy 123 1 isakmp
transform-set 123
security acl 3000
remote-address 20.1.1.2
#
//配置Ike钥匙链, PSK为123
ike keychain 1
pre-shared-key address 20.1.1.2 255.255.255.255 key cipher
$c$3$ZjXBWzdem34rj6XvnVx7ikq+ARmh+g==
Router3配置:
//配置OSPF, 通过本端环回口和tunnel口地址
#
ospf 1 router-id 3.3.3.3
area 0.0.0.0
network 3.3.3.3 0.0.0.0
network 100.1.1.0 0.0.0.255
#
//配置环回口地址, 模拟内网用户
interface LoopBack0
ip address 3.3.3.3 255.255.255.255
#
//配置接口GigabitEthernet0/1, 并调用IPSEC策略
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
port link-mode route
ip address 20.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
ipsec apply policy 123
#
//配置tunnel0口, 模式为gre, 封装源地址为本端物理口地址, 目的地址为Router1物
理口地址
interface Tunnel0 mode gre
ip address 100.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
source 20.1.1.2
destination 10.1.1.1
#
//配置静态路由, 下一跳指向20.1.1.1
ip route-static 10.1.1.0 24 20.1.1.1
#
//配置安全ACL, 与Router1的安全ACL保护数据互为镜像
acl number 3000
rule 0 permit ip source 20.1.1.2 0 destination 10.1.1.1 0
#
//配置IPSEC提议, 使用加密算法为3des-cbc, 认证算法为MD5
ipsec transform-set 123
esp encryption-algorithm 3des-cbc
esp authentication-algorithm md5
#
//配置IPSEC策略, 调用IPSEC提议、安全ACL、指定对端地址为Router1的物理口地
址
ipsec policy 123 1 isakmp
transform-set 123
security acl 3000
remote-address 10.1.1.1
#
//配置Ike钥匙链, PSK为123
ike keychain 1
pre-shared-key address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.255 key cipher $c$3$WJMvMgdr+Mnq
kgnyro+jTFIfJdTQHw==
#
四、验证配置
<Router1>display ip routing-table

```

Destinations : 20 Routes : 20

Destination/Mask	Proto	Pre	Cost	NextHop	Interface
0.0.0.0/32	Direct	0	0	127.0.0.1	InLoop0
1.1.1.1/32	Direct	0	0	127.0.0.1	InLoop0
2.2.2.2/32	Static	60	0	10.1.1.254	GE2/0/0
3.3.3.3/32	OSPF	10	1562	100.1.1.2	Tun0

//Router1已经学习到了Router3的环回口地址

<Router3>display ip routing-table

Destinations : 19 Routes : 19

Destination/Mask	Proto	Pre	Cost	NextHop	Interface
0.0.0.0/32	Direct	0	0	127.0.0.1	InLoop0
1.1.1.1/32	OSPF	10	1562	100.1.1.1	Tun0

//Router3学习到了Router1的环回口地址

<Router1>display ike sa

Connection-ID	Remote	Flag	DOI
27	20.1.1.2	RD	IPSEC

Flags:

//IKE SA已经存在

IPSEC SA也存在:

<Router1>display ipsec sa

Interface: GigabitEthernet2/0/0

IPsec policy: 123

Sequence number: 1

Mode: isakmp

Tunnel id: 0

Encapsulation mode: tunnel

Perfect forward secrecy:

Path MTU: 1443

Tunnel:

 local address: 10.1.1.1

 remote address: 20.1.1.2

Flow:

 sour addr: 10.1.1.1/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: ip

 dest addr: 20.1.1.2/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: ip

[Inbound ESP SAs]

 SPI: 1504282990 (0x59a9896e)

 Transform set: ESP-ENCRYPT-3DES-CBC ESP-AUTH-MD5

 SA duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843200/3600

 SA remaining duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843200/3549

 Max received sequence-number: 0

 Anti-replay check enable: Y

 Anti-replay window size: 64

 UDP encapsulation used for nat traversal: N

 Status: active

[Outbound ESP SAs]

 SPI: 738374673 (0x2c02b411)

 Transform set: ESP-ENCRYPT-3DES-CBC ESP-AUTH-MD5

 SA duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843200/3600

 SA remaining duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843199/3549

 Max sent sequence-number: 1

UDP encapsulation used for nat traversal: N

Status: active

IPsec policy: 123

Sequence number: 1

Mode: isakmp

Tunnel id: 0

Encapsulation mode: tunnel

Perfect forward secrecy:

Path MTU: 1443

Tunnel:

local address: 10.1.1.1

remote address: 20.1.1.2

Flow:

sour addr: 10.1.1.1/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: ip

dest addr: 20.1.1.2/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: ip

[Inbound ESP SAs]

SPI: 3748049068 (0xdf66b0ac)

Transform set: ESP-ENCRYPT-3DES-CBC ESP-AUTH-MD5

SA duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843200/3600

SA remaining duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843199/3521

Max received sequence-number: 2

Anti-replay check enable: Y

Anti-replay window size: 64

UDP encapsulation used for nat traversal: N

Status: active

[Outbound ESP SAs]

SPI: 499347401 (0x1dc36fc9)

Transform set: ESP-ENCRYPT-3DES-CBC ESP-AUTH-MD5

SA duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843200/3600

SA remaining duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843199/3521

Max sent sequence-number: 2

UDP encapsulation used for nat traversal: N

Status: active

IPsec policy: 123

Sequence number: 1

Mode: isakmp

Tunnel id: 0

Encapsulation mode: tunnel

Perfect forward secrecy:

Path MTU: 1443

Tunnel:

local address: 10.1.1.1

remote address: 20.1.1.2

Flow:

sour addr: 10.1.1.1/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: ip

dest addr: 20.1.1.2/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: ip

[Inbound ESP SAs]

SPI: 2748716393 (0xa3d61569)

Transform set: ESP-ENCRYPT-3DES-CBC ESP-AUTH-MD5

SA duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843200/3600

SA remaining duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843190/3559

Max received sequence-number: 161

Anti-replay check enable: Y

Anti-replay window size: 64

UDP encapsulation used for nat traversal: N

Status: active

[Outbound ESP SAs]

SPI: 1018788745 (0x3cb97b89)

Transform set: ESP-ENCRYPT-3DES-CBC ESP-AUTH-MD5

SA duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843200/3600

SA remaining duration (kilobytes/sec): 1843191/3559

Max sent sequence-number: 118

UDP encapsulation used for nat traversal: N

Status: active

五、配置关键点

1. 如果存在多分支情况，则总部安全ACL中不能存在deny规则，否则可能造成部分分支不通的情况；
2. 分支ACL和总部ACL互为镜像；
3. IPSEC策略绑定在物理接口，并且此物理接口不能被通告进OSPF进程；
4. 保证总部和分部的外网地址是可以互通的；
5. V7中Tunnel虚接口的配置不同于V5，需要指定模式；
6. V7中需要定义密钥链，配置预共享密钥；
7. ipsec安全策略下（ipsec transform-set）默认是没有加密和认证方法的，这点需要注意。