

问题描述

Oracle IM加载策略分几个级别

解决方法

Oracle IM加载分如下级别，默认为PRIORITY NONE。

CREATE/ALTER Syntax	Description
PRIORITY NONE	The database populates the object on demand only. A full scan of the database object triggers object into the IM column store. This is the default level when PRIORITY is not included in the INMEMORY clause.
PRIORITY LOW	The database assigns the object a low priority and populates it after startup based on its position. Population does not depend on whether the object is accessed. The object is populated in the IM column store before database objects with the following priority levels: MEDIUM, HIGH, or CRITICAL.
PRIORITY MEDIUM	The database assigns the object a medium priority and populates it after startup based on its position. Population does not depend on whether the object is accessed. The database object is populated in the IM column store before database objects with the following priority levels: NONE or LOW. The database object's data is populated in the IM column store after database objects with the following priority levels: HIGH or CRITICAL.
PRIORITY HIGH	The database assigns the object a high priority and populates it after startup based on its position. Population does not depend on whether the object is accessed. The database object's data is populated in the IM column store before database objects with the following priority levels: NONE, LOW, or MEDIUM. The database object's data is populated in the IM column store after database objects with the following priority level: CRITICAL.
PRIORITY CRITICAL	The database assigns the object a low priority and populates it after startup based on its position. Population does not depend on whether the object is accessed. The database object's data is populated in the IM column store before database objects with the following priority levels: NONE, LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH.