(m) 【MVS】 华为路由器OSPF 与静态路由重分布典型组网配置案例

网络相关 韦家宁 2024-07-12 发表



组网说明:

本案例采用ENSP模拟器来部署华为路由器的路由重分布的案例,在该网络中,R1与R2部署OSPF, R 2与R3部署静态路由。为了实现PC之间的网络互通,需要在R2路由器部署OSPF与静态路由重分布。

配置步骤

- 1、按照网络拓扑图配置IP地址。
- 2、部署R1与R2的OSPF。
- 3、部署R2与R3的静态路由。
- 4、在R2配置OSPF与静态路由重分布。

配置关键点

R1:

<Huawei>u t m Info: Current terminal monitor is off. <Huawei>u t d Info: Current terminal debugging is off. <Huawei>system Enter system view, return user view with Ctrl+Z. [Huawei]sysname R1 [R1]int eth 0/0/0 [R1-Ethernet0/0/0]ip address 192.168.1.1 24 [R1-Ethernet0/0/0]quit [R1]int eth 0/0/1 [R1-Ethernet0/0/1]ip address 10.0.0.1 30 [R1-Ethernet0/0/1]quit [R1]ospf 1 [R1-ospf-1]area 0.0.0.0 [R1-ospf-1-area-0.0.0.0]network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.3 [R1-ospf-1-area-0.0.0.0]network 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255 [R1-ospf-1-area-0.0.0.0]quit [R1-ospf-1]quit

R2:

<Huawei>u t m Info: Current terminal monitor is off. <Huawei>u t d Info: Current terminal debugging is off. <Huawei>system Enter system view, return user view with Ctrl+Z. [Huawei]sysname R2 [R2]int eth 0/0/0 [R2-Ethernet0/0/0]ip address 10.0.0.2 30 [R2-Ethernet0/0/1]ip address 10.0.0.5 30 [R2-Ethernet0/0/1]uit [R2]ip route-static 192.168.2.0 24 10.0.0.6
[R2]ospf 1
[R2-ospf-1]import-route direct
[R2-ospf-1]area 0.0.0.0
[R2-ospf-1-area-0.0.0.0]network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.3
[R2-ospf-1-area-0.0.0.0]network 10.0.0.4 0.0.0.3
[R2-ospf-1-area-0.0.0.0]quit
[R2-ospf-1]quit

R3:

<Huawei>u t m Info: Current terminal monitor is off. <Huawei>u t d Info: Current terminal debugging is off. <Huawei>system Enter system view, return user view with Ctrl+Z. [Huawei]sysname R3 [R3]int eth 0/0/1 [R3-Ethernet0/0/1]ip address 10.0.0.6 30 [R3-Ethernet0/0/1]quit [R3]int eth 0/0/0 [R3-Ethernet0/0/0]ip address 192.168.2.1 24 [R3-Ethernet0/0/0]quit [R3]ip route-static 192.168.1.0 24 10.0.0.5 [R3]ip route-static 10.0.0.0 30 10.0.0.5

PC分别填写IP地址, 且能相互PING通。

E PC1					_ 🗆 X
基础配置命	☆行 组播	UDP发包工具	串口		
主机名: MAC that:	54-89-98-60-1D-D9				
IPv4 配置					
 ●静态 IP 地址: 	O DHCP	2	自动获取 DNS1:	观 DNS 服务器地址	
子网掩码:	255 . 255 . 255	. 0	DNS2:	0.0.0.0	
网关:	192 . 168 . 1	1			
E PC2					_ 🗖 X
基础配置命令	令行 组播	UDP发包工具	串口		
主机名:					
MAC 地址:	54-89-98-46-4C-E8				
IPv4 配置 ●静态	ODHCP		🗌 自动获取	I DNS 服务器地址	
IP 地址:	192 . 168 . 2 .	2	DNS1:	0 . 0 . 0 . 0	
子网掩码:	255 . 255 . 255 .	0	DNS2:	0.0.0.0	
网关:	192 . 168 . 2 .	1			

```
E PC1
  基础配置
            命令行
                      组播
                             UDP发包工具
                                         串口
Welcome to use PC Simulator!
 PC>ping 192.168.2.2
 Ping 192.168.2.2: 32 data bytes, Press Ctrl_C to break
 From 192.168.2.2: bytes=32 seq=1 ttl=125 time=141 ms
 From 192.168.2.2: bytes=32 seq=2 ttl=125 time=78 ms
 From 192.168.2.2: bytes=32 seq=3 ttl=125 time=94 ms
 From 192.168.2.2: bytes=32 seq=4 ttl=125 time=109 ms
 From 192.168.2.2: bytes=32 seq=5 ttl=125 time=110 ms
  -- 192.168.2.2 ping statistics ---
  5 packet(s) transmitted
  5 packet(s) received
  0.00% packet loss
  round-trip min/avg/max = 78/106/141 ms
PC>
```

```
E PC2
```



在R1与R2分别使用dis ospf peer briet命令查看到R1、R2已完成OSPF邻居的建立。

[R1]dis ospf peer brief							
OSPF	Process 1 with Router ID 192.168.1.1 Peer Statistic Information						
Area Id	Interface	Neighbor id	State				
0.0.0.0	Ethernet0/0/1	10.0.0.2	Full				
[R1]							

[R2]dis ospf	peer brief		
OSPF E	Process 1 with Router ID 10.0 Peer Statistic Information	.0.2	
Area Id	Interface	Neighbor id	State
0.0.0.0	Ethernet0/0/0	192.168.1.1	Full
(00)			

分别在R1、R2、R3使用dis ip routing-table命令查看路由表,均已学习到了相应的路由。

[Rl]dis ip routing-table Route Flags: R - relay, D - download to fib						
Routing Tables: Pub Destinatio	olic ons:8		Routes	: 8		
Destination/Mask	Proto	Pre	Cost	Flags	NextHop	Interface
10.0.0/30	Direct			D	10.0.0.1	Ethernet0/0/1
10.0.0.1/32	Direct			D	127.0.0.1	Ethernet0/0/1
10.0.0.4/30	OSPF	10	2	D	10.0.0.2	Ethernet0/0/1
127.0.0.0/8	Direct			D	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0
127.0.0.1/32	Direct			D	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0
192.168.1.0/24	Direct			D	192.168.1.1	Ethernet0/0/0
192.168.1.1/32	Direct			D	127.0.0.1	Ethernet0/0/0
192.168.2.0/24	O_ASE	150	1	D	10.0.0.2	Ethernet0/0/1
[R1]						

```
[R2]dis ip routing-table
Route Flags: R - relay, D - download to fib
Routing Tables: Public
Destinations : 8 Routes : 8
Destination/Mask Proto Pre Cost Flags NextHop Interface
10.0.0.0/30 Direct 0 0 D 10.0.0.2 Ethernet0/0/0
10.0.0.2/32 Direct 0 0 D 127.0.0.1 Ethernet0/0/0
10.0.0.5/32 Direct 0 0 D 127.0.0.1 Ethernet0/0/1
10.0.0.5/32 Direct 0 0 D 127.0.0.1 Ethernet0/0/1
127.0.0.0/8 Direct 0 0 D 127.0.0.1 InLoopBack0
127.0.0.1/32 Direct 0 0 D 127.0.0.1 InLoopBack0
192.168.1.0/24 OSFF 10 2 D 10.0.0.6 Ethernet0/0/1
```

[R2]

[R3]dis ip routing-table Route Flags: R - relay, D - download to fib						
Routing Tables: Pub Destinatio	olic ons:8		Routes	: 8		
Destination/Mask	Proto	Pre	Cost	Flags	NextHop	Interface
10.0.0/30	Static	60		RD	10.0.0.5	Ethernet0/0/
10.0.0.4/30	Direct			D	10.0.0.6	Ethernet0/0/
10.0.0.6/32	Direct			D	127.0.0.1	Ethernet0/0/
127.0.0.0/8	Direct			D	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0
127.0.0.1/32	Direct			D	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0
192.168.1.0/24	Static	60		RD	10.0.0.5	Ethernet0/0/
192.168.2.0/24	Direct			D	192.168.2.1	Ethernet0/0/
192.168.2.1/32	Direct			D	127.0.0.1	Ethernet0/0/

至此,华为路由器OSPF与静态路由典型组网配置案例已完成。