

AR系列路由器将链路直接绑定在虚拟模板（VT）上的MP配置

【需求】

RouterA和RouterB通过MP链路互通，实现更高的带宽和可靠性。

【组网图】



【配置脚本】

RouterA配置脚本

```
#
sysname RouterA
#
radius scheme system
#
domain system
#
interface Virtual-Template0 /创建VT接口/
ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
#
interface Serial1/0
link-protocol ppp
ppp mp Virtual-Template 0 /将物理端口和VT0进行绑定/
#
interface Serial1/1
link-protocol ppp
ppp mp Virtual-Template 0 /将物理端口和VT0进行绑定/
#
interface NULL0
#
user-interface con 0
user-interface vty 0 4
#
return
```

RouterB配置脚本

```
#
sysname RouterB
#
radius scheme system
#
domain system
#
interface Virtual-Template0 /创建VT接口/
ip address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
#
interface Serial1/0
link-protocol ppp
ppp mp Virtual-Template 0 /将物理端口和VT0进行绑定/
#
interface Serial1/1
link-protocol ppp
ppp mp Virtual-Template 0 /将物理端口和VT0进行绑定/
#
interface NULL0
#
user-interface con 0
user-interface vty 0 4
#
return
```

【验证】

通过查看disp ppp mp信息，两条物理链路都已经绑定到VT0上。并且都可以互相ping通对方的IP地址

```
[RouterA]disp ppp mp
Template is Virtual-Template0
```

max-bind: 16, min-fragment: 128

Bundle ef63fe328e5d, 2 members, slot 0, Master link is Virtual-Template0:0

Peer's endPoint descriptor: ef63fe328e5d

Bundle Up Time: 2006/01/27 07:50:38:696

0 lost fragments, 5 reordered, 0 unassigned, 0 interleaved,
sequence 4/5 rcvd/sent

The member channels bundled are:

Serial1/0 Up-Time:2006/01/27 07:50:38:696

Serial1/1 Up-Time:2006/01/27 07:51:47: