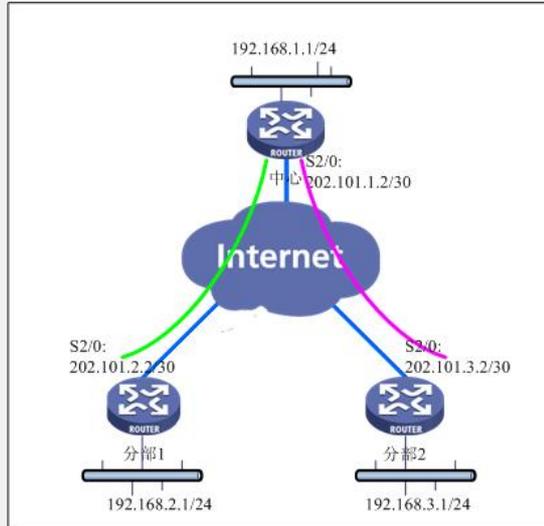


AR系列路由器GRE Over IPSec的典型配置

【需求】

分部1和分部2通过野蛮IPSec的方式连接到中心，采用GRE-Over-IPSec的方式，在tunnel上运行OSPF协议来实现总部和分部之间的互通。

【组网图】



【配置脚本】

中心配置脚本

```

#
sysname Center
#
ike local-name center      /中心ike的local-name为: center/
#
router id 1.1.1.1
#
radius scheme system
#
domain system
#
ike peer branch1          /配置到分部1的ike peer/
exchange-mode aggressive /设置IPSec为野蛮方式/
pre-shared-key abc       /预共享密钥为abc/
id-type name              /选择名字作为ike协商过程中使用的ID/
remote-name branch1      /分部1的名字为branch1/
#
ike peer branch2          /配置到分部2的ike peer/
exchange-mode aggressive
pre-shared-key abc
id-type name
remote-name branch2
#
ipsec proposal 1          /定义ipsec proposal/
#
ipsec policy center 10 isakmp /配置到分部1的ipsec policy/
security acl 3001         /指定安全策略所引用的访问控制列表号/
ike-peer branch1         /引用ike peer/
proposal 1                /引用ipsec proposal/
#
ipsec policy center 20 isakmp /到分部2的配置和分部1的配置类似/
security acl 3002
ike-peer branch2
proposal 1
#
acl number 3001           /定义从中心到分部1的GRE数据流/
rule 0 permit gre source 202.101.1.2 0 destination 202.101.2.2 0
acl number 3002           /定义从中心到分部2的GRE数据流/
rule 0 permit gre source 202.101.1.2 0 destination 202.101.3.2 0
#
interface Serial2/0
link-protocol ppp
ip address 202.101.1.2 255.255.255.252
ipsec policy center      /在公网出口上应用IPSec policy/
#
interface Tunnel0         /配置中心和分部1之间的GRE tunnel/
ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.252
source 202.101.1.2
destination 202.101.2.2
#
interface Tunnel1         /配置中心和分部2之间的GRE tunnel/
ip address 10.0.0.5 255.255.255.252
source 202.101.1.2
destination 202.101.3.2
#
interface NULL0
#
interface LoopBack0
ip address 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.255
#
interface Ethernet0/0
ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0 /中心的内网地址/
#
ospf 1
area 0.0.0.10            /分部1属于area 10/
network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.3
#
area 0.0.0.20            /分部2属于area 20/
network 10.0.0.4 0.0.0.3
#
area 0.0.0.0             /总部属于area 0/
network 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0
network 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
#
ip route-static 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 202.101.1.1 preference 60
#
user-interface con 0
user-interface vty 0 4
#
return

```

分部1配置脚本

```

#
sysname Branch1
#
ike local-name branch1      /分部1的ike的local-name为: branch1/
#
radius scheme system
#
domain system
#
ike peer center              /配置到中心的ike peer/
exchange-mode aggressive    /设置IPSec为野蛮方式/
pre-shared-key abc          /预共享密钥为abc/
id-type name                 /选择名字作为ike协商过程中使用的ID/
remote-name center          /对端的名字为center/
remote-address 202.101.1.2  /对端的地址为202.101.1.2 (中心的公网地址) /
#
ipsec proposal 1            /定义ipsec proposal/
#
ipsec policy branch1 10 isakmp /配置到中心的ipsec policy/
security acl 3001          /指定安全策略所引用的访问控制列表号/
ike-peer center            /引用ike peer/
proposal 1                 /引用ipsec proposal/
#
acl number 3001             /定义从分部1到中心的GRE数据流/
rule 0 permit gre source 202.101.2.2 0 destination 202.101.1.2 0
#
interface Serial2/0
link-protocol ppp
ip address 202.101.2.2 255.255.255.252
ipsec policy branch1      /在公网出口上应用IPSec policy/
#
interface Tunnel0          /配置分部1和中心之间的GRE tunnel/
ip address 10.0.0.2 255.255.255.252
source 202.101.2.2
destination 202.101.1.2
#
interface NULL0
#
interface LoopBack0
ip address 2.2.2.2 255.255.255.255
#
interface Ethernet0/0      /配置分部1的内网地址/
ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
#
ospf 1
area 0.0.0.10             /分部1属于area 10/
network 2.2.2.2 0.0.0.0
network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.3
network 192.168.2.0 0.0.0.255
#
ip route-static 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 202.101.2.1 preference 60
#
user-interface con 0
user-interface vty 0 4
#
return

```

分部2配置脚本

```

#
sysname Branch2
#
ike local-name branch1 /分部2的ike的local-name为: branch2/
#
radius scheme system
#
domain system
#
ike peer center /配置到中心的ike peer/
exchange-mode aggressive /设置IPSec为野蛮方式/
pre-shared-key abc /预共享密钥为abc/
id-type name /选择名字作为ike协商过程中使用的ID/
remote-name center /对端的名字为center/
remote-address 202.101.1.2 /对端的地址为202.101.1.2(中心的公网地址)/
#
ipsec proposal 1 /定义ipsec proposal/
#
ipsec policy branch1 10 isakmp /配置到中心的ipsec policy/
security acl 3001 /指定安全策略所引用的访问控制列表号/
ike-peer center /引用ike peer/
proposal 1 /引用ipsec proposal/
#
acl number 3001 /定义从分部2到中心的GRE数据流/
rule 0 permit gre source 202.101.3.2 0 destination 202.101.1.2 0
#
interface Serial2/0
link-protocol ppp
ip address 202.101.3.2 255.255.255.252
ipsec policy branch2 /在公网出口上应用IPSec policy/
#
interface Tunnel0 /配置分部1和中心之间的GRE tunnel/
ip address 10.0.0.6 255.255.255.252
source 202.101.3.2
destination 202.101.1.2
#
interface NULL0
#
interface LoopBack0
ip address 3.3.3.3 255.255.255.255
#
interface Ethernet0/0 /配置分部1的内网地址/
ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.0
#
ospf 1
area 0.0.0.20 /分部2属于area 20/
network 3.3.3.3 0.0.0.0
network 10.0.0.4 0.0.0.3
network 192.168.3.0 0.0.0.255
#
ip route-static 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 202.101.3.1 preference 60
#
user-interface con 0
user-interface vty 0 4
#
return

```

【验证】

1、中心上的ike sa 状态:

```

disp ike sa

```

connection-id	peer	flag	phase	doi
4	202.101.3.2	RD	1	IPSEC
5	202.101.3.2	RD	2	IPSEC
2	202.101.2.2	RD	1	IPSEC
3	202.101.2.2	RD	2	IPSEC

flag meaning

RD--READY ST--STAYALIVE RL--REPLACED FD--FADING TO--TIMEOUT

2、中心上的IPSec sa状态:

```

disp ipsec sa
=====
Interface: Serial2/0/0
  path MTU: 1500
=====
-----

```

```
IPsec policy name: "center"
sequence number: 10
mode: isakmp
-----
connection id: 3
encapsulation mode: tunnel
perfect forward secrecy: None
tunnel:
  local address: 202.101.1.2
  remote address: 202.101.2.2
flow: (72 times matched)
  sour addr: 202.101.1.2/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: GRE
  dest addr: 202.101.2.2/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: GRE
```

```
[inbound ESP SAs]
spi: 1168206412 (0x45a16a4c)
proposal: ESP-ENCRYPT-DES ESP-AUTH-MD5
sa remaining key duration (bytes/sec): 1887434028/3365
max received sequence-number: 33
udp encapsulation used for nat traversal: N
```

```
[outbound ESP SAs]
spi: 2150942891 (0x8034c8ab)
proposal: ESP-ENCRYPT-DES ESP-AUTH-MD5
sa remaining key duration (bytes/sec): 1887433260/3365
max sent sequence-number: 36
udp encapsulation used for nat traversal: N
```

```
-----
IPsec policy name: "center"
sequence number: 20
mode: isakmp
-----
connection id: 4
encapsulation mode: tunnel
perfect forward secrecy: None
tunnel:
  local address: 202.101.1.2
  remote address: 202.101.3.2
flow: (73 times matched)
  sour addr: 202.101.1.2/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: GRE
  dest addr: 202.101.3.2/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: GRE
```

```
[inbound ESP SAs]
spi: 2624895419 (0x9c74b9bb)
proposal: ESP-ENCRYPT-DES ESP-AUTH-MD5
sa remaining key duration (bytes/sec): 1887433796/3385
max received sequence-number: 35
udp encapsulation used for nat traversal: N
```

```
[outbound ESP SAs]
spi: 1281853764 (0x4c678944)
proposal: ESP-ENCRYPT-DES ESP-AUTH-MD5
sa remaining key duration (bytes/sec): 1887432856/3385
max sent sequence-number: 39
udp encapsulation used for nat traversal: N
```

3、中心路由表

```
disp ip rout
```

```
Routing Table: public net
```

Destination/Mask	Protocol	Pre	Cost	NextHop	Interface
0.0.0.0/0	STATIC	60	0	202.101.1.1	Serial2/0/0
1.1.1.1/32	DIRECT	0	0	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0
2.2.2.2/32	OSPF	10	1563	10.0.0.2	Tunnel0

```

3.3.3.3/32   OSPF  10 1563   10.0.0.6   Tunnel1
10.0.0.0/30   DIRECT 0 0     10.0.0.1   Tunnel0
10.0.0.1/32   DIRECT 0 0     127.0.0.1  InLoopBack0
10.0.0.4/30   DIRECT 0 0     10.0.0.5   Tunnel1
10.0.0.5/32   DIRECT 0 0     127.0.0.1  InLoopBack0
127.0.0.0/8   DIRECT 0 0     127.0.0.1  InLoopBack0
127.0.0.1/32  DIRECT 0 0     127.0.0.1  InLoopBack0
192.168.1.0/24  DIRECT 0 0     192.168.1.1  LoopBack10
192.168.1.1/32  DIRECT 0 0     127.0.0.1  InLoopBack0
192.168.2.0/24  OSPF  10 1563   10.0.0.2   Tunnel0
192.168.3.0/24  OSPF  10 1563   10.0.0.6   Tunnel1
202.101.1.0/30  DIRECT 0 0     202.101.1.2  Serial2/0/0
202.101.1.1/32  DIRECT 0 0     202.101.1.1  Serial2/0/0
202.101.1.2/32  DIRECT 0 0     127.0.0.1  InLoopBack0

```

4、分部1的ike sa状态:

```
disp ike sa
```

```

connection-id peer      flag    phase  doi
-----
      2      202.101.1.2  RD|ST   1      IPSEC
      3      202.101.1.2  RD|ST   2      IPSEC

```

flag meaning

RD--READY ST--STAYALIVE RL--REPLACED FD--FADING TO--TIMEOUT

5、分部1的ipsec sa状态:

```
disp ipsec sa
```

```
=====
```

```
Interface: Serial2/0/0
```

```
path MTU: 1500
```

```
=====
```

```
-----
```

```
IPsec policy name: "branch1"
```

```
sequence number: 10
```

```
mode: isakmp
```

```
-----
```

```
connection id: 3
```

```
encapsulation mode: tunnel
```

```
perfect forward secrecy: None
```

```
tunnel:
```

```
local address: 202.101.2.2
```

```
remote address: 202.101.1.2
```

```
flow: (82 times matched)
```

```
sour addr: 202.101.2.2/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: GRE
```

```
dest addr: 202.101.1.2/255.255.255.255 port: 0 protocol: GRE
```

```
[inbound ESP SAs]
```

```
spi: 2150942891 (0x8034c8ab)
```

```
proposal: ESP-ENCRYPT-DES ESP-AUTH-MD5
```

```
sa remaining key duration (bytes/sec): 1887433256/3293
```

```
max received sequence-number: 42
```

```
udp encapsulation used for nat traversal: N
```

```
[outbound ESP SAs]
```

```
spi: 1168206412 (0x45a16a4c)
```

```
proposal: ESP-ENCRYPT-DES ESP-AUTH-MD5
```

```
sa remaining key duration (bytes/sec): 1887432880/3293
```

```
max sent sequence-number: 41
```

```
udp encapsulation used for nat traversal: N
```

6、分部1的路由表:

```
disp ip rout
```

```
Routing Table: public net
```

Destination/Mask	Protocol	Pre	Cost	NextHop	Interface
0.0.0.0/0	STATIC	60	0	202.101.2.1	Serial2/0/0
1.1.1.1/32	OSPF	10	1563	10.0.0.1	Tunnel0
2.2.2.2/32	DIRECT	0	0	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0
3.3.3.3/32	OSPF	10	3125	10.0.0.1	Tunnel0
10.0.0.0/30	DIRECT	0	0	10.0.0.2	Tunnel0
10.0.0.2/32	DIRECT	0	0	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0
10.0.0.4/30	OSPF	10	3124	10.0.0.1	Tunnel0
127.0.0.0/8	DIRECT	0	0	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0
127.0.0.1/32	DIRECT	0	0	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0
192.168.1.0/24	OSPF	10	1563	10.0.0.1	Tunnel0
192.168.2.0/24	DIRECT	0	0	192.168.2.1	LoopBack10
192.168.2.1/32	DIRECT	0	0	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0
192.168.3.0/24	OSPF	10	3125	10.0.0.1	Tunnel0
202.101.2.0/30	DIRECT	0	0	202.101.2.2	Serial2/0/0
202.101.2.1/32	DIRECT	0	0	202.101.2.1	Serial2/0/0
202.101.2.2/32	DIRECT	0	0	127.0.0.1	InLoopBack0

【提示】

1、IPSec -Over-GRE和GRE-Over-IPSec方式配置上的区别为：

	GRE-Over-IPSec	IPSec-Over-GRE
ACL定义	GRE数据流	内网数据流
Ike peer中指定的remote-address	对方公网地址	对方GRE tunnel地址
应用端口	公网出口	GRE tunnel上

2、各个分部和总部之间通过OSPF路由来实现互访，如果没有运行OSPF则必需在分部和总部配置静态路由。

【Center配置】

```
ip route-static 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 Tunnel 0 preference 60
/访问分部1内网的数据从tunnel 0走/
ip route-static 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 Tunnel 1 preference 60
/访问分部2内网的数据从tunnel 1走/
```

【分部1配置】

```
ip route-static 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 Tunnel 0 preference 60
/访问中心内网的数据从tunnel 0走/
```

【分部2配置】

```
ip route-static 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 Tunnel 0 preference 60
/访问中心内网的数据从tunnel 0走/
```