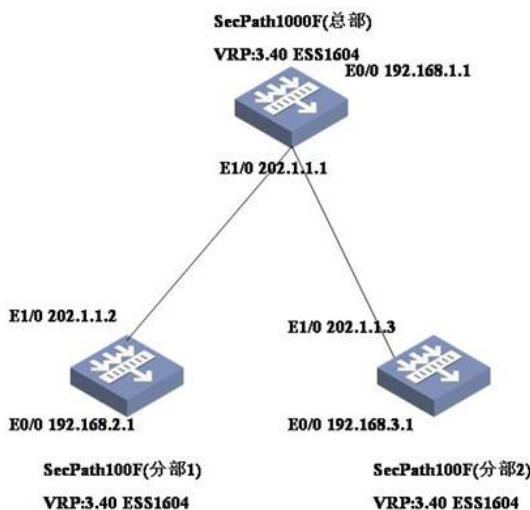


## SecPath 1000F防火墙GRE OVER IPsec VPN + OSPF 典型配置

### 一、组网需求

分部1和分部2通过野蛮IPSec的方式连接到中心，采用GRE -Over-IPSec的方式，在tunnel上运行OSPF协议来实现总部和分部之间的互通。

### 二、组网图



### 三、典型配置

总部防火墙SecPath 1000F最终配置

```
center>dis cu
#
sysname center
#
ike local-name center          //中心ike的local-name
#
router id 1.1.1.1
#
firewall packet-filter enable
firewall packet-filter default permit
#
undo connection-limit enable
connection-limit default deny
connection-limit default amount upper-limit 50 lower-limit 20
#
firewall statistic system enable
#
radius scheme system
#
domain system
#
ike peer branch1           //配置到分部1的ike peer
exchange-mode aggressive    //设置IPSec为野蛮方式
pre-shared-key abc          //预共享密钥为abc
id-type name                //选择ID类型为名字/
#
remote-name branch1         //分部1的名字为branch1
remote-address 202.1.1.2     //分部1的地址
#
```

```

ike peer branch2          //配置到分部2的ike peer
exchange-mode aggressive   //设置IPSec为野蛮方式
pre-shared-key abc        //预共享密钥为abc
id-type name              //选择ID类型为名字
remote-name branch2       //分部1的名字为branch1
remote-address 202.1.1.3    //分部1的地址
#
ipsec proposal 1         //定义ipsec proposal
#
ipsec policy center 10 isakmp      //配置到分部1的ipsecc policy
security acl 3000
ike-peer branch1
proposal 1
#
ipsec policy center 20 isakmp      //配置到分部2的ipsecc policy
security acl 3001
ike-peer branch2
proposal 1
#
acl number 3000
rule 0 permit gre source 202.1.1.1 0 destination 202.1.1.2 0
acl number 3001
rule 0 permit gre source 202.1.1.1 0 destination 202.1.1.3 0
#
interface Aux0
async mode flow
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
#
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
ip address 202.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
ipsec policy center           //在公网出口上应用IPSec policy
#
interface GigabitEthernet1/0
#
interface GigabitEthernet1/1
#
interface Encrypt2/0
#
interface Tunnel0             //配置中心和分部1之间的GRE tunnel
ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
source 202.1.1.1
destination 202.1.1.2
#
interface Tunnel1             //配置中心和分部1之间的GRE tunnel
ip address 10.1.2.1 255.255.255.0
source 202.1.1.1
destination 202.1.1.3
#
interface NULL0
#
interface LoopBack0
ip address 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.255
#
firewall zone local
set priority 100
#
firewall zone trust
add interface GigabitEthernet0/0
add interface GigabitEthernet0/1
add interface Tunnel0

```

```
add interface Tunnel1
set priority 85
#
firewall zone untrust
set priority 5
#
firewall zone DMZ
set priority 50
#
firewall interzone local trust
#
firewall interzone local untrust
#
firewall interzone local DMZ
#
firewall interzone trust untrust
#
firewall interzone trust DMZ
#
firewall interzone DMZ untrust
#
ospf 1
area 0.0.0.10          //分部1属于area 10
network 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255
#
area 0.0.0.20          //分部2属于area 20
network 10.1.2.0 0.0.0.255
#
area 0.0.0.0            //总部属于area 0
network 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0
network 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
#
user-interface con 0
user-interface aux 0
user-interface vty 0 4
#
return
<center>
分部1防火墙SecPath 100F最终配置
[branch1]dis cu
#
sysname branch1
#
ike local-name branch1      //分部1的ike的local-name
#
router id 2.2.2.2
#
firewall packet-filter enable
firewall packet-filter default permit
#
insulate
#
firewall statistic system enable
#
radius scheme system
#
domain system
#
ike peer center           //配置到中心的ike peer
exchange-mode aggressive   //设置IPSec为野蛮方式
pre-shared-key abc         //预共享密钥为abc
id-type name               //预共享密钥为abc
remote-name center          //对端的名字为center
remote-address 202.1.1.1    //对端的地址为202.101.1.1
```

```
#  
ipsec proposal 1 //定义ipsec proposal  
#  
ipsec policy brach1 10 isakmp //配置到中心的ipsec policy  
security acl 3000 //指定安全策略所引用的访问控制列表号  
ike-peer center //引用ike peer  
proposal 1 //引用ipsec proposal  
#  
acl number 3000  
rule 0 permit gre source 202.1.1.2 0 destination 202.1.1.1 0  
#  
interface Aux0  
async mode flow  
#  
interface Ethernet0/0  
ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0  
#  
interface Ethernet0/1  
#  
interface Ethernet0/2  
#  
interface Ethernet0/3  
#  
interface Ethernet1/0  
ip address 202.1.1.2 255.255.255.0  
ipsec policy brach1 //在公网出口上应用IPSec policy  
  
#  
interface Ethernet1/1  
#  
interface Ethernet1/2  
#  
interface Tunnel0  
ip address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.0  
source 202.1.1.2  
destination 202.1.1.1  
#  
interface NULL0  
#  
interface LoopBack0  
ip address 2.2.2.2 255.255.255.255  
#  
firewall zone local  
set priority 100  
#  
firewall zone trust  
add interface Ethernet0/0  
add interface Ethernet1/0  
add interface Tunnel0  
set priority 85  
#  
firewall zone untrust  
set priority 5  
#  
firewall zone DMZ  
set priority 50  
#  
firewall interzone local trust  
#  
firewall interzone local untrust  
#  
firewall interzone local DMZ  
#  
firewall interzone trust untrust
```

```

#
firewall interzone trust DMZ
#
firewall interzone DMZ untrust
#
ospf 1
area 0.0.0.10
network 2.2.2.0 0.0.0.0
network 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255
network 192.168.2.0 0.0.0.255
#
user-interface con 0
user-interface aux 0
user-interface vty 0 4
#
return
[branch1]
部分2防火墙SecPath 100F最终配置
<brach2>dis cu
#
sysname brach2
#
ike local-name branch2           //部分2的ike的local-name
#
router id 3.3.3.3
#
firewall packet-filter enable
firewall packet-filter default permit
#
insulate
#
firewall statistic system enable
#
radius scheme system
#
domain system
#
ike peer center                  //配置到中心的ike peer
exchange-mode aggressive         //设置IPSec为野蛮方式
pre-shared-key abc               //预共享密钥为abc
id-type name                     //选择名字作为ike协商的ID/
remote-name center               //对端的名字为center
remote-address 202.1.1.1          //对端的名字为center
#
ipsec proposal 1                //定义ipsec proposal
#
ipsec policy branch2 10 isakmp   //配置到中心的ipsec policy
security acl 3000                //指定安全策略所引用的访问控制列表号
ike-peer center                  //引用ike peer
proposal 1                       //引用ipsec proposal
#
acl number 3000
rule 0 permit gre source 202.1.1.3 0 destination 202.1.1.1 0
#
interface Aux0
async mode flow
#
interface Ethernet0/0
ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.0
#
interface Ethernet0/1
#
interface Ethernet0/2

```

```
#  
interface Ethernet0/3  
#  
interface Ethernet1/0  
ip address 202.1.1.3 255.255.255.0  
ipsec policy branch2          //在公网出口上应用IPSec policy  
#  
interface Ethernet1/1  
#  
interface Ethernet1/2  
#  
interface Tunnel0  
ip address 10.1.2.2 255.255.255.0  
source 202.1.1.3  
destination 202.1.1.1  
#  
interface NULL0  
#  
interface LoopBack0  
ip address 3.3.3.3 255.255.255.255  
#  
firewall zone local  
set priority 100  
#  
firewall zone trust  
add interface Ethernet0/0  
add interface Ethernet1/0  
add interface Tunnel0  
set priority 85  
#  
firewall zone untrust  
set priority 5  
#  
firewall zone DMZ  
set priority 50  
#  
firewall interzone local trust  
#  
firewall interzone local untrust  
#  
firewall interzone local DMZ  
#  
firewall interzone trust untrust  
#  
firewall interzone trust DMZ  
#  
firewall interzone DMZ untrust  
#  
ospf 1  
area 0.0.0.20  
network 3.3.3.3 0.0.0.0  
network 10.1.2.0 0.0.0.255  
network 192.168.3.0 0.0.0.255  
#  
user-interface con 0  
user-interface aux 0  
user-interface vty 0 4  
#  
return  
<brach2>
```

#### 四、配置关键点和关键命令

1. 配置触发IPSec的数据流是GRE封装后的地址。
2. 配置OSPF不能将公网接口放进去。
3. 要在公网接口上应用IPSec policy

