

AR系列路由器与VRRP备份组虚地址之间建立IPSEC的典型配置

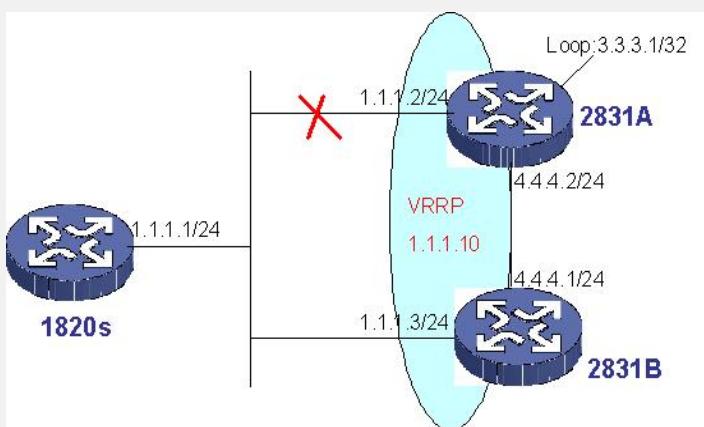
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AR系列路由器与VRRP备份组虚地址之间建立IPSEC的典型配置

【需求】

AR系列路由器与VRRP备份组虚地址之间建立IPSEC安全隧道。并要求在VRRP备份组主备切换时安全隧道能够迅速自动恢复。

【组网图】



【配置脚本】

1820s配置脚本

```
#  
sysname 1820s  
#  
ike proposal 1          //配置ike proposal  
#  
ike dpd dpd1           //配置ike dpd  
interval-time 1  
time-out 1  
#  
ike peer vrrp           //配置ike peer  
pre-shared-key shen  
remote-address 1.1.1.10  
local-address 1.1.1.1  
dpd dpd1  
#  
ipsec proposal pro      //配置ipsec proposal  
#  
ipsec policy pol 1 isakmp //配置ipsec policy  
security acl 3000  
ike-peer vrrp  
proposal pro  
#  
acl number 3000          //配置安全acl  
rule 0 permit ip source 2.2.2.1 0 destination 3.3.3.0 0.0.0.255  
rule 1 deny ip  
#  
interface Ethernet1/0  
ip address 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.0  
ipsec policy pol        //接口上应用ipsec policy  
#  
interface LoopBack0  
ip address 2.2.2.1 255.255.255.255  
#  
ip route-static 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.10 preference 60  
//缺省路由指向vrrp虚地址  
#
```

2831A配置脚本

```
#  
sysname 2831-A  
#  
vrrp ping-enable //使虚地址支持ping操作  
#  
ike proposal 1 //配置ike proposal  
#  
ike dpd dpd1 //配置ike dpd  
interval-time 1  
time-out 1  
#  
ike peer 1820s //配置ike peer  
pre-shared-key shen  
remote-address 1.1.1.1  
local-address 1.1.1.10  
dpd dpd1  
#  
ipsec proposal pro //配置ipsec proposal  
#  
ipsec policy pol 1 isakmp //配置ipsec policy  
security acl 3000  
ike-peer 1820s  
proposal pro  
#  
acl number 3000 //配置安全acl  
rule 0 permit ip source 3.3.3.0 0.0.0.255 destination 2.2.2.1 0  
rule 1 deny ip  
#  
interface Ethernet2/0  
ip address 1.1.1.2 255.255.255.0  
vrrp vrid 1 virtual-ip 1.1.1.10 //接口上配置vrrp组，优先级默认为100  
ipsec policy pol //接口上应用ipsec policy  
#  
interface Ethernet2/1  
ip address 4.4.4.2 255.255.255.0  
#  
interface LoopBack0  
ip address 3.3.3.1 255.255.255.255  
#  
ospf 1  
area 0.0.0.0  
network 3.3.3.1 0.0.0.0  
network 4.4.4.0 0.0.0.255  
#  
ip route-static 2.2.2.1 255.255.255.255 1.1.1.1 preference 60  
ip route-static 2.2.2.1 255.255.255.255 4.4.4.1 preference 80  
#  
return
```

2831B配置脚本

```

#
sysname 2831-B
#
vrrp ping-enable          //使虚地址支持ping操作
#
ike proposal 1            //配置ike proposal
#
ike dpd dpd1              //配置ike dpd
interval-time 1
time-out 1
#
ike peer 1820s             //配置ike peer
pre-shared-key shen
remote-address 1.1.1.1
local-address 1.1.1.10
dpd dpd1
#
ipsec proposal pro        //配置ipsec proposal
#
ipsec policy pol 1 isakmp //配置ipsec policy
security acl 3000
ike-peer 1820s
proposal pro
#
acl number 3000           //配置安全acl
rule 0 permit ip source 3.3.3.0 0.0.0.255 destination 2.2.2.1 0
rule 1 deny ip
#
interface Ethernet0/0
ip address 1.1.1.3 255.255.255.0
vrrp vrid 1 virtual-ip 1.1.1.10 //接口上配置vrrp组
vrrp vrid 1 priority 90      //配置vrrp组优先级为90
ipsec policy pol             //接口上应用ipsec policy
#
interface Ethernet0/1
ip address 4.4.4.1 255.255.255.0
#
interface LoopBack0
ip address 3.3.3.2 255.255.255.255
#
ospf 1
area 0.0.0.0
network 3.3.3.2 0.0.0.0
network 4.4.4.0 0.0.0.255
#
ip route-static 2.2.2.1 255.255.255.255 1.1.1.1 preference 60
ip route-static 2.2.2.1 255.255.255.255 4.4.4.2 preference 80
#
return

```

【验证】

2831A由于优先级高成为备份组的master，此时在1820s上ping 2831A的环回地址3.3.

3.1。IPSEC隧道成功建立，如下所示：

```

<1820s>dis ike sa
total phase-1 SAs: 1
connection-id peer      flag    phase doi
-----
52     1.1.1.10   RD|ST    1   IPSEC
53     1.1.1.10   RD|ST    2   IPSEC

flag meaning
RD--READY ST--STAYALIVE RL--REPLACED FD--FADING TO--TIMEOUT

```

现将图示链路断开后，2831B成为备份组master，再在1820s上ping 2831A的环回地址3.3.3.1。IPSEC隧道也成功建立，如下所示：

```

<1820s>dis ike sa
total phase-1 SAs: 1
connection-id peer      flag    phase doi
-----
55     1.1.1.10   RD|ST    1   IPSEC
56     1.1.1.10   RD|ST    2   IPSEC

flag meaning
RD--READY ST--STAYALIVE RL--REPLACED FD--FADING TO--TIMEOUT

```

可以看到，此时的sa与之前的sa是不一样的，说明主备切换时安全隧道能够自动恢复

◦ 【提示】

- 1、此应用需要用到ike dpd特性。
- 2、在备份组中的路由器上配置ike peer时，一定要配置local address为虚地址。