

H3C万兆核心路由器SR8800 BFD for VRRP (监控master)配置举例

1 组网需求

- | Master出现故障时，只能依赖于Backup设置的超时时间来判断是否应该抢占，切换时间一般在3秒~4秒之间，无法达到秒级以下的切换速度。
- | VRRP必须依赖一种可靠的链路检测机制来探测Master的当前状态。Backup上的探测协议快速检测Master的运行状态，当Master状态出现故障时，Backup能够立即抢占成为Master，切换时间在100ms以内。

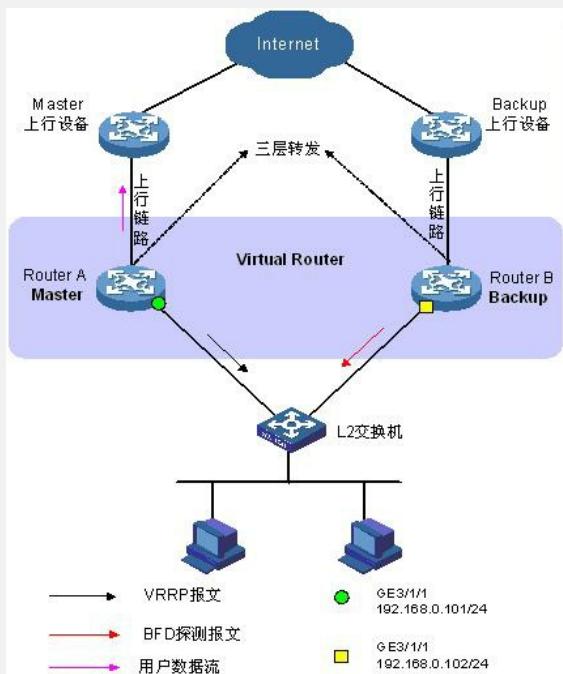


图1 BFD for VRRP配置举例组网图

2 配置思路

- | 配置VRRP基本功能
- | 配置BFD for VRRP

注意

- | BFD工作于echo方式的时候，其Source IP可以任意指定。
- | BFD工作于echo方式的时候，可以配置接收周期和检测周期。在echo报文工作方式下，BFD报文的发送者和接收者为同一台设备，因此只需这两台设备就可以决定检测周期。设备默认接收周期为400ms，检测周期为5。
- | BFD会话工作与control报文方式时，参数有发送周期、接收周期，检测周期，用户需要根据实际组网的需要来配置。

3 配置步骤

3.1 路由器A的配置

1. 配置步骤

```
# 配置接口IP地址和VRRP基本功能。  
<RouterA> system-view  
[RouterA] interface gigabitEthernet 3/1/1  
[RouterA-GigabitEthernet3/1/1] ip address 192.168.0.101 24  
# 创建备份组，并配置备份组的虚拟IP地址  
[RouterA-GigabitEthernet3/1/1] vrrp vrid 1 virtual-ip 192.168.0.10  
[RouterA-GigabitEthernet3/1/1] vrrp vrid 1 priority 110
```

2. 配置文件

```
[RouterA]dis cur  
#  
version 5.20, Ess 3121  
#  
sysname RouterA  
#
```

```
password-control login-attempt 3 exceed lock-time 120
#
domain default enable system
#
ipv6
#
telnet server enable
#
xbar load-single
#
vlan 1
#
domain system
access-limit disable
state active
idle-cut disable
self-service-url disable
#
interface NULL0
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/1
port link-mode route
ip address 192.168.0.101 255.255.255.0
vrrp vrid 1 virtual-ip 192.168.0.10
vrrp vrid 1 priority 110
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/5
port link-mode route
shutdown
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/2
port link-mode route
shutdown
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/8
port link-mode route
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/9
port link-mode route
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/10
port link-mode route
shutdown
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/3
port link-mode bridge
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/4
port link-mode bridge
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/6
port link-mode bridge
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/7
port link-mode bridge
#
interface M-Ethernet4/0/0
ip address 191.1.1.231 255.255.255.0
#
user-interface con 0
idle-timeout 0 0
user-interface aux 0
authentication-mode none
user privilege level 3
```

```
idle-timeout 0 0
user-interface vty 0 4
authentication-mode none
user privilege level 3
idle-timeout 0 0
#
return
```

3.2 路由器B的配置

1. 配置步骤

```
# 配置BFD echo报文方式的Source IP, IP地址可以任意指定, 不需要与实际接口地址
对应。
<RouterB> system-view
[RouterB] bfd session init-mode active
[RouterB] bfd echo-source-ip 10.10.10.10
[RouterB] interface GigabitEthernet 3/1/1
[RouterB-GigabitEthernet3/1/1] ip address 192.168.0.102 24
# 配置接口接收BFD echo报文的最小时间间隔。
[RouterB-GigabitEthernet3/1/1] bfd min-echo-receive-interval 10
[RouterB-GigabitEthernet3/1/1] bfd detect-multiplier 3
[RouterB-GigabitEthernet3/1/1] quit
# 配置Track对象
[RouterB] track 1 bfd echo interface GigabitEthernet3/1/1 remote ip 192.168.0.101 lo
cal ip 192.168.0.102
[RouterB] interface GigabitEthernet 3/1/1
# 创建备份组, 并配置备份组的虚拟IP地址
[RouterB-GigabitEthernet3/1/1] vrrp vrid 1 virtual-ip 192.168.0.10
[RouterB-GigabitEthernet3/1/1] vrrp vrid 1 track 1 switchover
```

2. 配置文件

```
[RouterB]dis cur
#
version 5.20, Ess 3121
#
sysname RouterB
#
password-control login-attempt 3 exceed lock-time 120
#
domain default enable system
#
ipv6
#
telnet server enable
#
xbar load-single
#
bfd echo-source-ip 10.10.10.10
#
vlan 1
#
domain system
access-limit disable
state active
idle-cut disable
self-service-url disable
#
interface NULL0
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/1
port link-mode route
ip address 192.168.0.102 255.255.255.0
bfd min-echo-receive-interval 10
bfd detect-multiplier 3
vrrp vrid 1 virtual-ip 192.168.0.10
vrrp vrid 1 track 1 switchover
```

```

#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/3
port link-mode route
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/4
port link-mode route
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/6
port link-mode route
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/7
port link-mode route
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/8
port link-mode route
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/9
port link-mode route
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/10
port link-mode route
shutdown
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/2
port link-mode bridge
#
interface GigabitEthernet3/1/5
port link-mode bridge
#
interface M-Ethernet4/0/0
ip address 191.1.1.232 255.255.255.0
ospf trans-delay 23
#
track 1 bfd echo interface GigabitEthernet3/1/1 remote ip 192.168.0.101 local ip 192.168.0.102
#
user-interface con 0
idle-timeout 0 0
user-interface aux 0
authentication-mode none
user privilege level 3
idle-timeout 0 0
user-interface vty 0 4
authentication-mode none
user privilege level 3
idle-timeout 0 0
#
return

```

3.3 验证结果

可通过以下方式验证上述配置：

```

# 显示Router A上备份组1的详细信息
<RouterA> display vrrp verbose
IPv4 Standby Information:
Run Method    : REAL-MAC
Virtual IP Ping : Enable
Interface      : GigabitEthernet3/1/1
VRID          : 1           Adver. Timer : 1
Admin Status   : UP          State   : Master
Config Pri     : 110         Run Pri  : 110
Preempt Mode   : YES        Delay Time : 0
Auth Type     : NONE
Virtual IP    : 192.168.0.10
Master IP     : 192.168.0.101

```

```
# 显示Router B上备份组1的详细信息
<RouterB> display vrrp verbose
IPv4 Standby Information:
Run Method : REAL-MAC
Virtual IP Ping : Enable
Interface : GigabitEthernet3/1/1
VRID : 1 Adver. Timer : 1
Admin Status : UP State : Backup
Config Pri : 100 Run Pri : 100
Preempt Mode : YES Delay Time : 0
Auth Type : NONE
Track Object : 1 Switchover
Virtual IP : 192.168.0.10
Master IP : 192.168.0.101
以上显示信息表示在备份组1中Router A为Master路由器， Router B为Backup路由器。
。当Router A出现故障时，通过display vrrp命令查看备份组的信息。
# 显示Router B上备份组1的详细信息。
<RouterB> display vrrp verbose
IPv4 Standby Information:
Run Method : REAL-MAC
Virtual IP Ping : Enable
Interface : GigabitEthernet3/1/1
VRID : 1 Adver. Timer : 1
Admin Status : UP State : Master
Config Pri : 100 Run Pri : 100
Preempt Mode : YES Delay Time : 0
Auth Type : NONE
Track Object : 1 Switchover
Virtual IP : 192.168.0.10
Virtual MAC : 0000-5e00-0101
Master IP : 192.168.0.102
# 显示Router B上Track对象的详细信息
<RouterB> display track 1
Track ID: 1
Status: Negative
Reference Object:
BFD Session:
Packet type: Echo
Interface : GigabitEthernet3/1/1
Remote IP : 192.168.0.101
Local IP : 192.168.0.102
```