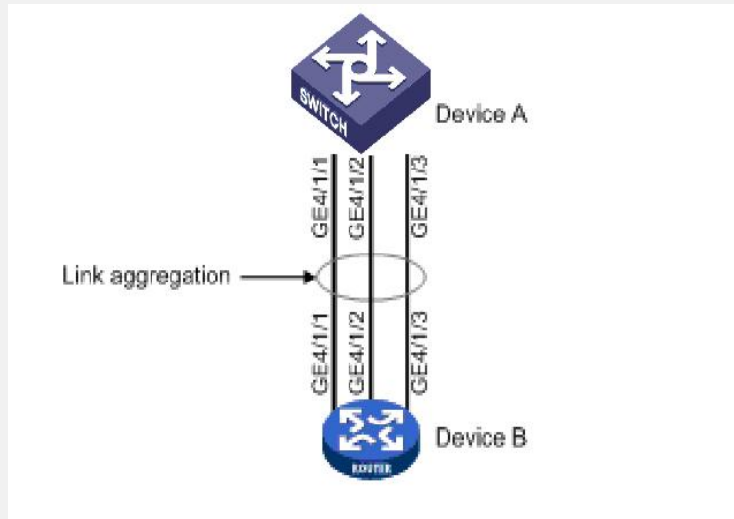


SR88与S95对接端口聚合不成功问题一例

对于SR88（采用V5平台）与S95（采用V3平台）对接端口聚合不成功的具体案例如下：

一、基本组网描述和组网图

设备Device A（S95）用3个端口聚合接入设备Device B（SR88），从而实现出入负荷在各成员端口中分担。SR88二层聚合口采用为静态模式，S95也采用的是静态聚合模式。



二、配置如下：

S95配置

```
<s95> system-view
[s95] link-aggregation group 1 modestatic
# 将以太网端口GigabitEthernet4/1/1至GigabitEthernet4/1/3加入聚合组1
[s95]interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/1
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] port link-aggregation group 1
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] quit
[s95]interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/2
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] port link-aggregation group 1
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] quit
[s95]interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/3
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/3]port link-aggregation group 1
```

sr88配置

```
# 创建二层聚合接口1。
<sr88> system-view
[sr88] interface bridge-aggregation 1
[sr88-Bridge-Aggregation1] quit
# 将二层以太网接口GigabitEthernet4/1/1至GigabitEthernet4/1/3加入聚合组1
[sr88] interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/1
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] port link-aggregation group 1
[sr88]interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/2
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] port link-aggregation group 1
[sr88]interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/3
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/3] port link-aggregation group 1
```

三、聚合不成功的原因

链路聚合的方式主要有两种：

方式一，通过聚合组来实现的链路聚合，该方式不支持三层聚合。它包含两种模式：static模式和manual模式，对应的命令行如下：

```
link-aggregation group agg-id mode { manual | static }
```

方式二，即通过逻辑聚合口方式来实现的链路聚合，该方式支持二层聚合与三层聚合

，它包含两种模式：static模式和dynamic模式，对应二层逻辑聚合口的dynamic模式命令行如下（注：默认情况下为static模式）：

```
interface bridge-aggregation interface-number  
link-aggregation mode dynamic
```

二层聚合口static方式（默认方式）对应于聚合组的manual模式，而二层聚合口的dynamic模式才对应于聚合组的static模式。所以在S95上配置的static模式相对于SR88来说为dynamic模式，然而上述例子在S95上配置static模式但是在sr88上配置的却是static模式而不是dynamic模式，为故存在问题。

四、解决方法

对于正确的配置举例如下：

(1)s95的链路聚合是通过聚合组的手动聚合模式实现，sr88的链路聚合是通过逻辑聚合口的静态模式实现。

```
# 创建手工聚合组1
```

```
<s95> system-view  
[s95]link-aggregation group 1 mode manual  
# 将以太网端口GigabitEthernet4/1/1至GigabitEthernet4/1/3加入聚合组1  
[s95]interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/1  
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] port link-aggregation group 1  
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] quit  
[s95]interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/2  
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] port link-aggregation group 1  
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] quit  
[s95]interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/3  
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/3] port link-aggregation group 1
```

sr88配置（默认情况下为静态模式，不需要配置）

```
# 创建二层聚合接口1
```

```
<sr88> system-view  
[sr88] interface bridge-aggregation 1  
[sr88-Bridge-Aggregation1] quit  
# 将二层以太网接口GigabitEthernet4/1/1至GigabitEthernet4/1/3加入聚合组1  
[sr88] interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/1  
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] port link-aggregation group 1  
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/2  
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] port link-aggregation group 1  
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/3  
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/3] port link-aggregation group 1
```

(2)s95采用聚合组的静态模式，sr88采用逻辑聚合口的动态聚合模式

s95配置

```
# 创建静态LACP聚合组1
```

```
<s95> system-view  
[s95] link-aggregation group 1 mode static  
# 将以太网端口GigabitEthernet4/1/1至GigabitEthernet4/1/3加入聚合组1。  
[s95] interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/1  
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] port link-aggregation group 1  
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] quit  
[s95] interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/2  
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] port link-aggregation group 1  
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] quit  
[s95] interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/3  
[s95-GigabitEthernet4/1/3] port link-aggregation group 1
```

sr88配置

```
# 创建二层聚合接口1，并配置成动态聚合模式
```

```
<sr88> system-view  
[sr88] interface bridge-aggregation 1  
[sr88-Bridge-Aggregation1] link-aggregation mode dynamic  
[sr88-Bridge-Aggregation1] quit  
# 将二层以太网接口GigabitEthernet4/1/1至GigabitEthernet4/1/3加入聚合组1  
[sr88] interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/1  
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] port link-aggregation group 1  
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/1] interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/2  
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] port link-aggregation group 1
```

```
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/2] interface GigabitEthernet 4/1/3  
[sr88-GigabitEthernet4/1/3] port link-aggregation group 1
```

五、 注意事项

有两种对接组合模式：

- (1) 聚合组的static模式对应逻辑聚合口的dynamic模式
- (2) 聚合组的manual 模式对应于逻辑聚合口的static模式

故在配置的时候注意查看对方的模式采用的是什和版本信息是否支持逻辑聚合口方式。